

Motor Vehicle Traffic Crash Fatality Counts and Injury Estimates for 2004

Based on

The Fatality Analysis Reporting System (FARS) and

The National Automotive Sampling System General Estimates System (NASS GES)

DOT HS 809 923

August 2005





This presentation supersedes the presentation released on September 6th 2005.

The data and statements relating to fatality rates are updated based on the latest available exposure data from the Federal Highway Administration.

Some edits were made to the following slides: 9-13, 34-38, 61, 120, 131.

This report updates the 2004 Projections released in April 2005, which were based on a statistical procedure using incomplete/partial data.

This report also compares fatality counts and injury estimates resulting from motor vehicle traffic crashes occurring in 2004 with counts and estimates from final 2003 files.

Counts and estimates are based on Fatality Analysis Reporting System (FARS) and NASS General Estimates System (GES) files, as indicated in the sources listed on page 4.

The fatality counts for 2004 will be updated based on final FARS files released next year. Data from 2003 are final and will not be updated again.





Since the fatality counts from FARS data are based on a census of fatal traffic crashes, the fatality data contained in the following tables are not subject to sampling error.

However, the injury estimates from NASS GES data are based on a nationally representative sample of police-reported crashes and hence are subject to sampling errors.

The changes in injury data between 2003 and 2004 that are statistically significant (where applicable) are indicated in the respective tables with a foot note.





Data Sources

- Crash Data
 - ◆ Fatality Analysis Reporting System (FARS)
 - 2003 (and prior years) Final File
 - 2004 Annual Report File
 - ♦ NASS General Estimates System (GES)
 - 2004 (and prior years) Annual File
- Exposure Data
 - ♦ Vehicle Miles of Travel (VMT)
 - Federal Highway Administration (FHWA)
 2004 & Prior Years Annual Highway Statistics Publication
 - Registered Vehicles
 - Based on NHTSA's Projections, R.L.Polk & FHWA
 - ◆ Population Estimates (based on 2000 Census)
 - ° Census Bureau





2004 Annual Assessment - Contents -

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2004 Annual Assessment Highlights





The Number of Persons Killed and Injured in Motor Vehicle Crashes in 2004 dropped from 2003, Killed by 0.6% and Injured by 3.5%





Persons Killed and Injured

	Year		%
	2003 2004		Change
Persons Killed	42,884	42,636	-0.6%
Persons Injured	2,889,000	2,788,000	-3.5%*

^{*}Changes in Persons Injured are statistically significant at 95% confidence intervals. Sources: FARS, NASS GES





The Motor Vehicle Crash Fatality Rate Per 100 Million VMT declined 2.7%, to the lowest since record keeping began 30 years ago





Exposure Data and Rates

Evnesure Messure	Year		%
Exposure Measure	2003	2004	Change
Vehicle Miles Traveled*	2,890,450	2,962,513	+2.5%
Fatality Rate/100M VMT	1.48	1.44	-2.7%

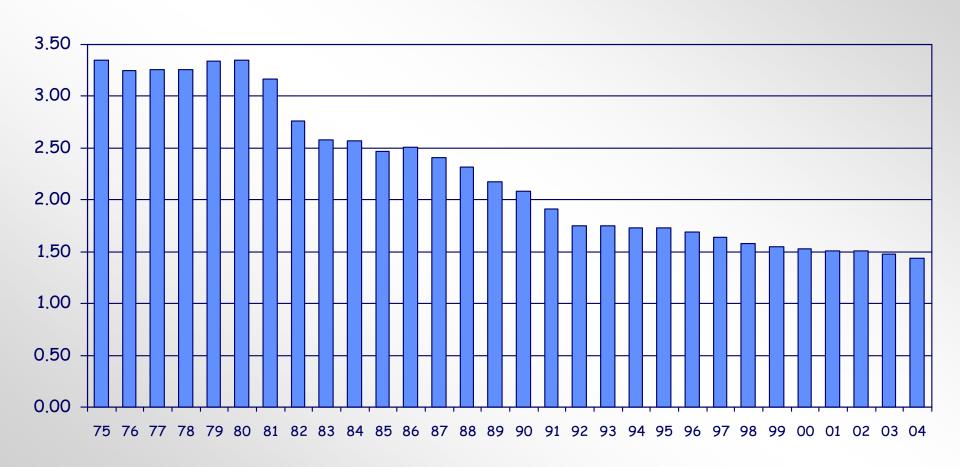
^{*}FHWA's 2004 Highway Statistics

Sources: FARS, FHWA





Fatality Rate Per 100 Million VMT, by Year



Sources: FARS, FHWA





Had the 2004 Fatality Rate / 100M VMT Remained at the 2003 Level, an Additional 1,209 People Would have Died





Lives Saved

Evposumo Mossumo	Year		
Exposure Measure	2003	2004	
Vehicle Miles Traveled*	2,890,450	2,962,513	
Fatalities	42,884	42,636	
Rate/100M VMT	1.48	1.44	
Estimated Fatalities in 2004 at 20	003 Rate	43,845	
Lives Saved in 2004		1,209	

*FHWA's Highway Statistics 2004



Sources: FARS, FHWA



27 States, The District of Columbia and Puerto Rico had Decreases in Total Number of Fatalities Largest Absolute Decreases:

Texas: -238

Michigan: -124

California: -104

Highest Percentage Decreases:

District of Columbia: -36%

Rhode Island: -20%

Minnesota, Nebraska and Montana: -13%





Motor Vehicle Occupant and Non-Occupant Fatalities Declined However, Motorcycle Rider fatalities Increased for the 7th year in a Row





Persons Killed in Motor Vehicle Crashes, by Role

Role	2003	2004	Change	% Change
Occupants	33,627	33,134	-493	-1.5%
Motorcycle Riders	3,714	4,008	+294	+7.9%
Non-Occupants	5,543	5,494	-49	-0.9%
TOTAL	42,884	42,636	-248	-0.6%

Source: FARS



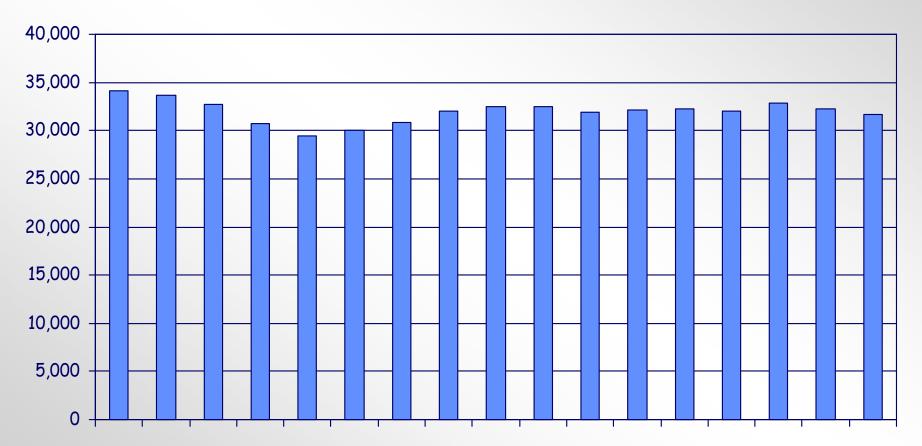


The 578 Drop in Passenger Vehicle Occupant Fatalities Is the Largest Drop Both in Terms of Number and Percent Since 1992





Passenger Vehicle Occupant Fatalities, by Year



1988 1989 1990 1991 1992 1993 1994 1995 1996 1997 1998 1999 2000 2001 2002 2003 2004

Source: FARS





Total Alcohol-Related Fatalities Declined (2.4%) to the Lowest Level Since 1999

High BAC Fatalities Declined by 1.8%





Persons Killed by Highest BAC in Crash

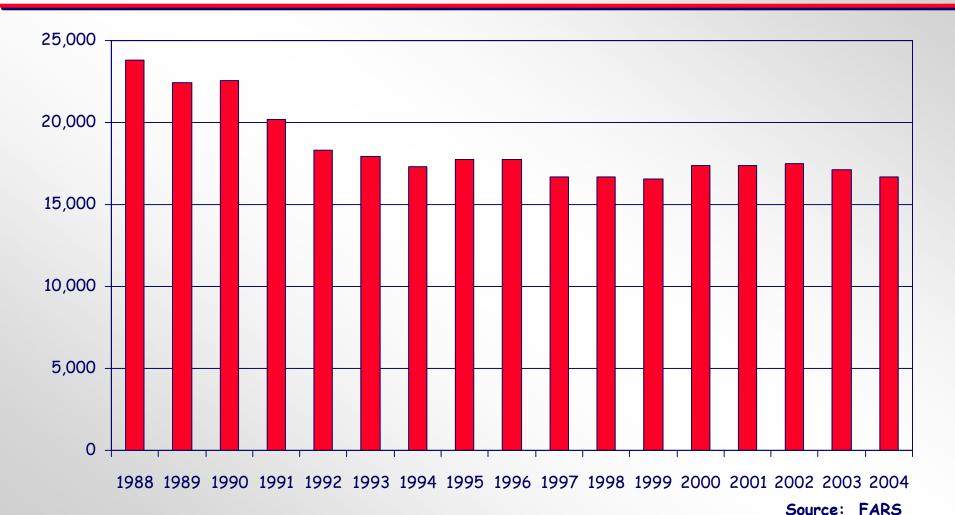
Lichart DAC in Casab	Ye	%	
Highest BAC in Crash	2003	2004	Change
Total Alcohol-Related	17,105	16,694	-2.4%
.01 <= Max BAC <= .07	2,427	2,285	-5.9%
Max BAC >= .08	14,678	14,409	-1.8%

Source: FARS





Persons Killed in Alcohol-Related Traffic Crashes, by Year





Updated January 20, 2006



The Percentage of Unrestrained
Passenger Vehicle Occupants
Killed in Crashes
Declined again
Which may reflect the Increasing
Use of Safety Belts





Passenger Vehicle Occupant Fatalities (All Ages), by Restraint Use*

Restraint Use	Year			
Restraint Use	2003		2004	
Persons Killed	32,271		31,693	
Restraint Used**	14,075	44%	14,118	45%
Restraint Not Used	18,196	56%	17,575	55%

^{*}Occupant Fatalities whose restraint use was unknown were distributed proportionally to the known use categories. Restraint use was unknown for 8% of passenger vehicle occupant fatalities in 2003 and 7% in 2004.

Source: FARS



^{**} Restraint Used = Use of any type of restraint, e.g., lap belt, lap/shoulder belt, child safety seat, etc.



The Number of Passenger Vehicle Occupants Killed in Rollover Crashes Increased by 1.1%

The Passenger Vehicle Occupant Fatality Rate per 100,000 Registered Vehicles in Rollover Crashes Declined by 1.9%





Passenger Vehicle Occupant Fatalities and Fatality Rate* in Rollover Crashes

	2003	2004	% Change
Fatalities	10,442	10,553	+1.1%
Fatality Rate*	4.82	4.73	-1.9%

^{*}Rate per 100,000 Registered Vehicles



Sources: FARS, R.L Polk



The Number of Fatalities Increased for

- Children 0 3 years by 3.2%
- > Children 4 7 years by 2.7%

The Number of Fatalities for Children 8 - 15 years remained essentially unchanged





Children, Ages 0 - 15, Killed in Motor Vehicle Crashes, by Age Group

Acc Chaup	Year		%
Age Group	2003	2004	Change
0 - 3 Years	494	510	+3.2%
4 - 7 Years	474	487	+2.7%
8 - 15 Years	1,611	1,608	-0.2%

Source: FARS





Comparison of 2004 Data to 2003 Data and Long Term Trends





2004 Data Show

- > 248 fewer persons died in Motor Vehicle Traffic Crashes as compared to 2003 - a decline of 0.6%
- > The Number of Persons Injured dropped by 3.5%*
- The Number of Non-Fatal crashes declined by 2.3%*

*Statistically significant at 95% confidence Intervals





Persons Killed and Injured and Number of Crashes

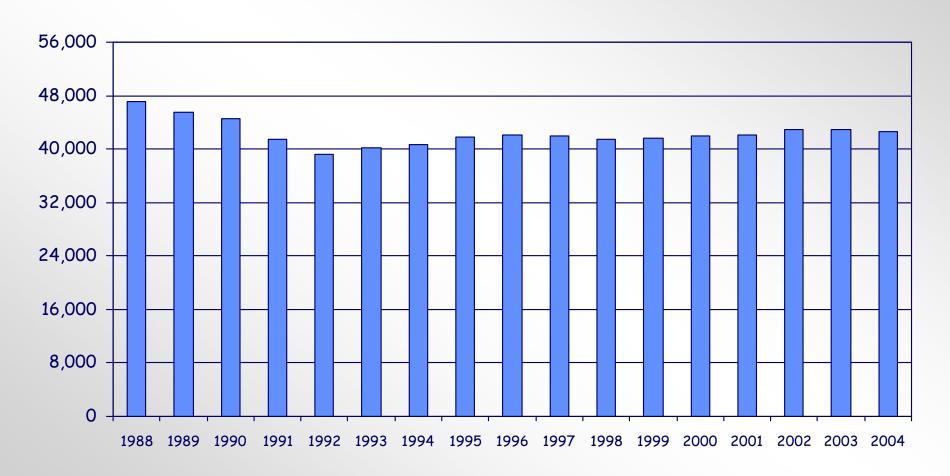
	Уе	% Change	
	2003	2004	% Change
Persons Killed	42,884	42,636	-0.6%
Persons Injured	2,889,000	2,788,000	-3.5%*
Fatal Crashes	38,477	38,253	-0.6%
Nonfatal Crashes	6,289,000	6,143,000	-2.3%*
Injury Crashes	1,925,000	1,862,000	-3.3%
Property-Damage-Only	4,365,000	4,281,000	-1.9%

^{*}Changes in Persons Injured and Nonfatal Crashes are statistically significant at 95% confidence intervals. Sources: FARS, NASS GES





Persons Killed in Traffic Crashes by Year

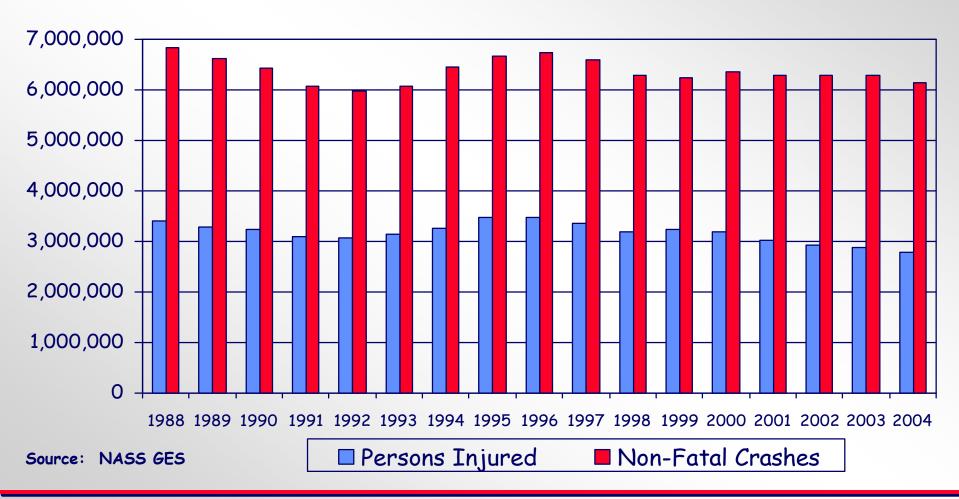








Non-Fatal Crashes and Persons Injured, by Year







2004 Data Show ...

> Measures of Exposure

Vehicle Miles of Travel Registered Vehicles Total U.S. Population

All Increased





Exposure Data

Evposumo Mossumo	Ye	%	
Exposure Measure	2003	2004	Change
Vehicle Miles Traveled (millions)*	2,890,450	2,962,513	+2.5%
Registered Vehicles**	230,788,209	237,961,437	+3.1%
Population	290,788,976	293,655,404	+1.0%

^{*}FHWA's 2004 Highway Statistics

Sources: R.L. Polk, FHWA, Census Bureau



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^{**}Based on NHTSA's Projections



2004 Data Show ...

Fatalities per 100 million VMT declined 2.7% and remained below 1.50 for the second consecutive year

> Other Fatality and Injury Rates also continued to decline



Motor Vehicle Crash Fatality and Injury Rates

Doto	Ye	Year			
Rate	2003	2003 2004			
Persons Killed					
/100M VMT	1.48	1.44	-2.7%		
/100K Reg. Vehicles*	18.59	17.92	-3.6%		
/100K Population	14.75	14.52	-1.6%		
Persons Injured					
/100M VMT	100	94	-6.0%		
/100K Reg. Vehicles*	1,252	1,172	-6.4%		
/100K Population	993	950	-4.3%		

^{*}Reg. Vehicles Based on NHTSA's Adjustments to FHWA data Sources: FARS, NASS GES, FHWA, and Census Bureau





Fatality Rate Per 100 Million VMT, by Year

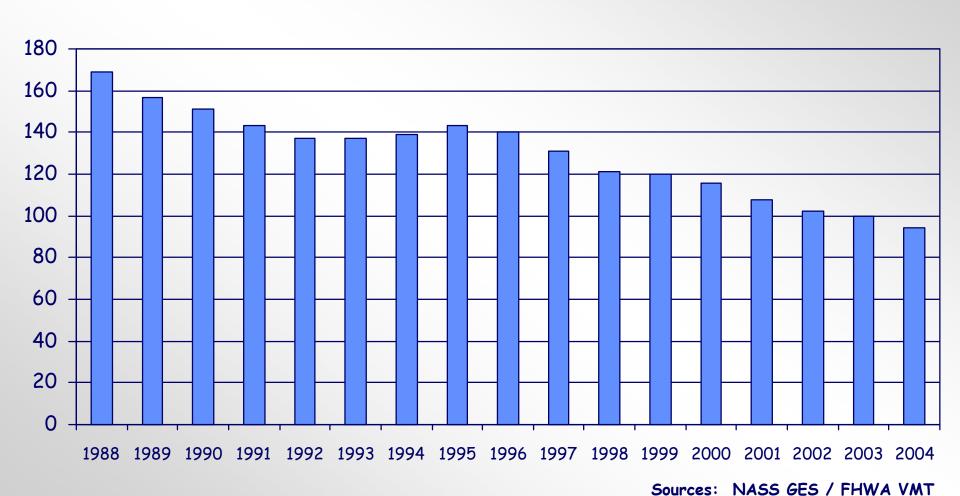


Sources: FARS / FHWA VMT





Injury Rate Per 100 Million VMT, by Year



2004 Annual Assessment of Motor Vehicle Crashes

Updated January 20, 2006



Fatalities by State

- 27 States, The District of Columbia and Puerto Rico had Decreases in the Total Number of Fatalities
 - Largest Absolute Decreases

Michigan: -124

° California: -104

· Highest Percentage Decreases

District of Columbia: -36%

Rhode Island: -20%

Minnesota, Nebraska, Montana: -13%





Number of Persons Killed in Motor Vehicle Traffic Crashes, By State

State	2003	2004	% Change	State	2003	2004	% Change
Alabama	1,004	1,154	+15%	Florida	3,169	3,244	+2.4%
Alaska	98	101	+3.1%	Georgia	1,603	1,634	+1.9%
Arizona	1,118	1,150	+2.9%	Hawaii	133	142	+6.8%
Arkansas	640	704	+10%	Idaho	293	260	-11%
California	4,224	4,120	-2.5%	Illinois	1,454	1,356	-6.7%
Colorado	642	665	+3.6%	Indiana	833	947	+14%
Connecticut	298	291	-2.3%	Iowa	443	390	-12%
Delaware	142	134	-5.6%	Kansas	469	461	-1.7%
Dist of Columbia	67	43	-36%	Kentucky	928	964	+3.9%





Number of Persons Killed in Motor Vehicle Traffic Crashes, By State

State	2003	2004	% Change	State	2003	2004	% Change
Louisiana	940	904	-3.8%	Nebraska	293	254	-13%
Maine	207	194	-6.3%	Nevada	368	395	+7.3%
Maryland	650	643	-1.1%	New Hampshire	127	171	+35%
Massachusetts	462	476	+3.0%	New Jersey	733	731	-0.3%
Michigan	1,283	1,159	-9.7%	New Mexico	439	521	+19%
Minnesota	655	567	-13%	New York	1,493	1,493	0%
Mississippi	872	900	+3.2%	North Carolina	1,553	1,557	+0.3%
Missouri	1,232	1,130	-8.3%	North Dakota	105	100	-4.8%
Montana	262	229	-13%	Ohio	1,274	1,286	+0.9%





Number of Persons Killed in Motor Vehicle Traffic Crashes, By State

State	2003	2004	% Change	State	2003	2004	% Change
Oklahoma	671	774	+15%	Utah	309	296	-4.2%
Oregon	512	456	-11%	Vermont	69	98	+42%
Pennsylvania	1,577	1,490	-5.5%	Virginia	943	925	-1.9%
Rhode Island	104	83	-20%	Washington	600	563	-6.2%
South Carolina	969	1,046	+7.9%	West Virginia	394	411	+4.3%
South Dakota	203	197	-3.0%	Wisconsin	848	792	-6.6%
Tennessee	1,193	1,288	+8.0%	Wyoming	165	164	-0.6%
Texas	3,821	3,583	-6.2%	National	42,884	42,636	-0.6%
Source: FARS				Puerto Rico	495	494	-0.2%





2004 Annual Assessment

Fatalities and Injuries by Person Role and Vehicle Characteristics





2004 Annual Assessment

Motor Vehicle Occupant and Non-Occupant Fatalities Declined

Occupants: -1.5%

Non-Occupants: -0.9%

Motorcycle Rider Fatalities
Increased 7.9%





Persons Killed in Motor Vehicle Crashes, by Role

Role	Уес	ar	Change	% Chanca	
Role	2003	2004	Change	% Change	
Occupants*	33,627	33,134	-493	-1.5%	
Drivers	23,352	23,063	-289	-1.2%	
Passengers	10,171	9,991	-180	-1.8%	
Motorcycle Riders	3,714	4,008	+294	+7.9%	
Non-Occupants	5,543	5,494	-49	-0.9%	
Pedestrians	4,774	4,641	-133	-2.8%	
Pedalcyclists	629	725	+96	+15%	
Other**	140	128	-12	-8.6%	
TOTAL	42,884	42,636	-248	-0.6%	

^{*}Includes unknown occupants of motor vehicles in transport.

^{**}Includes occupants of motor vehicles not in transport and of non-motor vehicle transport devices.



Updated January 20, 2006



Persons Injured in Motor Vehicle Crashes, by Role

Role	Yeo	Year			
Roie	2003	2004	% Change		
Occupants	2,697,000	2,594,000	-3.8%*		
Drivers	1,840,000	1,782,000	-3.2%		
Passengers	857,000	811,000	-5.4%		
Motorcycle Riders	67,000	76,000	+13%*		
Non-Occupants	124,000	118,000	-4.8%		
Pedestrians	70,000	68,000	-2.9%		
Pedalcyclists	46,000	41,000	-11%		
Other**	8,000	9,000	+13%		
TOTAL	2,889,000	2,788,000	-3.5%		

Note: Totals may not add due to rounding. Percentages computed after rounding.

Source: NASS GES

^{**}Includes occupants of motor vehicles not in transport and of non-motor vehicle transport devices.



^{*}Changes in Occupants and Motorcycle Riders injured are statistically significant at 95% confidence intervals.



2004 Data Show ...

- Occupant Fatalities in Passenger Cars declined by 3.2%
- Occupant Fatalities in LTV's increased by 0.4%
 - > Increased in SUVs by 5.6%
- Occupant Fatalities in Large Trucks increased by 4.8%



Occupants Killed in Motor Vehicle Crashes, by Type of Vehicle

Tuno of Volcials	Ye	ar	Classes	%
Type of Vehicle	2003	2004	Change	Change
Passenger Vehicles	32,271	31,693	-578	-1.8%
Passenger Cars	19,725	19,091	-634	-3.2%
LTVs*	12,546	12,602	+56	+0.4%
Vans	2,080	2,036	-44	-2.1%
SUVs	4,483	4,735	+252	+5.6%
Pickup Trucks	5,957	5,801	-156	-2.6%
Large Trucks	726	761	+35	+4.8%
Other Vehicles**	518	556	+38	+7.3%
Unknown Vehicle Type	112	124	+12	+11%

^{*}LTV = Pickup Truck, Van, Sport Utility Vehicle and other/unknown LTVs

^{**}Includes vehicle occupant fatalities in buses and other, e.g., farm equipment, construction equipment, etc., vehicle types. Excludes motorcycle riders.





Occupants Injured in Motor Vehicle Crashes, by Type of Vehicle

Time of Vehicle	Ye	Year			
Type of Vehicle	2003	2004	% Change		
Passenger Vehicles	2,646,000	2,543,000	-3.9%		
Passenger Cars	1,756,000	1,643,000	-6.4%*		
LTVs**	889,000	900,000	+1.2%		
Vans	203,000	211,000	+3.9%		
SUVs	338,000	364,000	+7.7%*		
Pickup Trucks	333,000	309,000	-7.2%*		
Large Trucks	27,000	27,000	0%		
Other Vehicles***	25,000	24,000	-4.0%		

Note: Totals may not add due to rounding. Percentages computed after rounding. Source: NASS GES

^{***}Includes vehicle occupants injured in buses and other vehicle types. Excludes motorcycle riders.

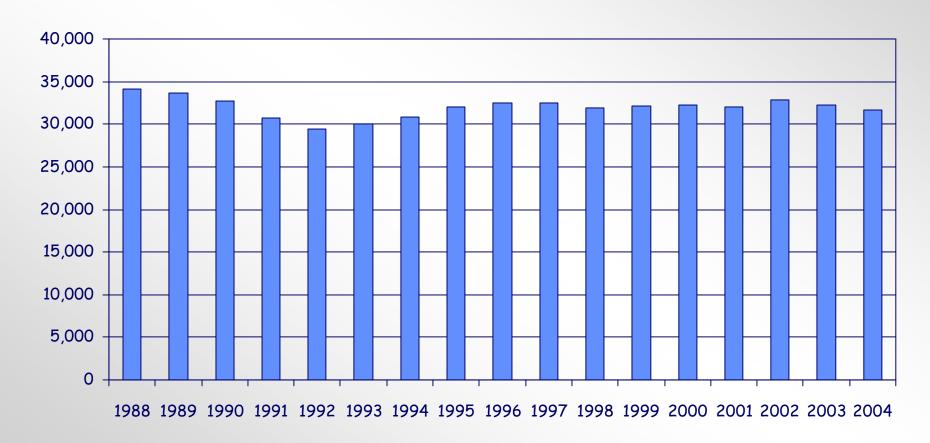


^{*}Changes in Passenger Cars, SUVs and Pickup Trucks are statistically significant at 95% confidence intervals

^{**}LTV = Pickup Truck, Van, Sport Utility Vehicle and other/unknown LTVs



Occupants Killed in Passenger Vehicles, by Year









2004 Annual Assessment Shows

- The number of registered vehicles increased for all types of passenger vehicles.
- Among all types of passenger vehicles, SUVs had the largest increase (11%) in registrations.





Registered Passenger Vehicles, by Vehicle Type

Type of Vehicle	2003	2004	% Change
Passenger Vehicles*	216,729,606	223,213,958	+3.0%
Passenger Cars	131,549,941	133,275,377	+1.3%
Light Trucks and Vans	85,179,665	89,938,581	+5.6%
Vans	18,555,362	18,931,753	+2.0%
SUVs	28,354,796	31,415,143	+11%
Pickup Trucks	37,288,653	38,557,291	+3.4%

^{*}Includes Other Light Trucks



Source: R.L.Polk



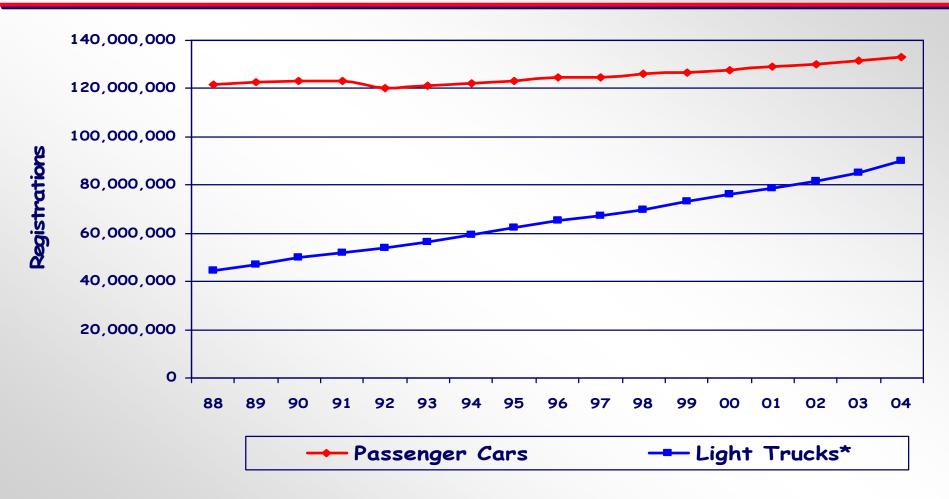
2004 Data Show ...

LTV Registrations continue to Increase at a faster rate than Registrations of Passengers Cars





Passenger Vehicle Registrations by Year



*Light Trucks include SUVs, Vans, Pickup Trucks and Other/Unknown Light Trucks

Source: R.L. Polk





2004 Data Show ...

The Passenger Vehicle Occupant Fatality Rate per 100,000 Registered Vehicles Declined for all types of Vehicles



Passenger Vehicle Occupant Fatality Rate*, by Type of Vehicle

Type of Vehicle	2003	2004	% Change
All Passenger Vehicles**	14.89	14.20	-4.6%
Passenger Cars	14.99	14.32	-4.5%
Light Trucks and Vans	14.73	14.01	-4.9%
Vans	11.21	10.75	-4.1%
SUVs	15.81	15.07	-4.7%
Pickup Trucks	15.98	15.05	-5.8%

*Rate per 100,000 Registered Vehicles

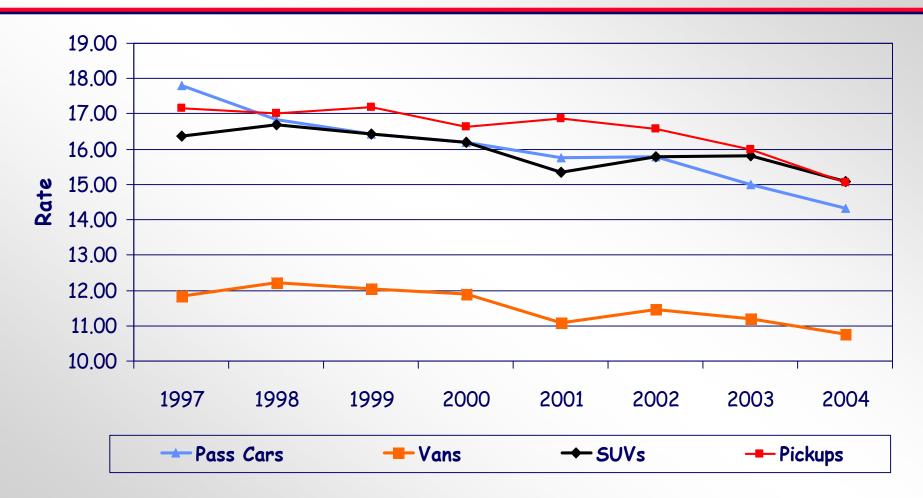
**Includes Other Light Trucks

Sources: FARS, R.L Polk





Passenger Vehicle Occupant Fatality Rate*, by Type of Vehicle and Year



*Rate per 100,000 Registered Vehicles



Updated January 20, 2006

Sources: FARS, R.L. Polk



2004 Annual Assessment

AGENCY PRIORITIES

Alcohol
Safety Belts
Rollovers
Vehicle Compatibility





Agency Priority Alcohol

Total Alcohol-Related Fatalities and Fatalities at Max BAC >= .08 g/dl are at Their Lowest Levels since 1999





Agency Priority Alcohol

Fatalities at Max BAC>= .08 g/dl

Declined at a lower Rate (-1.8%)

Than

fatalities at

.00 > BAC >= .07 g/dl (-5.9%)





Persons Killed by Highest BAC in Crash

Highest BAC in Cresh	Ye	%	
Highest BAC in Crash	2003	2004	Change
Total Alcohol-Related*	17,105	16,694	-2.4%
Alcohol Fatalities/100M VMT	0.59	0.56	
% All Fatalities	40%	39%	
.01 <= Max BAC <= .07	2,427	2,285	-5.9%
.01 <= Max BAC <= .04	1,255	1,143	-8.9%
.05 <= Max BAC <= .07	1,172	1,142	-2.6%
Max BAC >= .08	14,678	14,409	-1.8%
Max BAC >=.08 Fatalities/100M VMT	0.51	0.49	

^{*}Total may not add due to rounding.

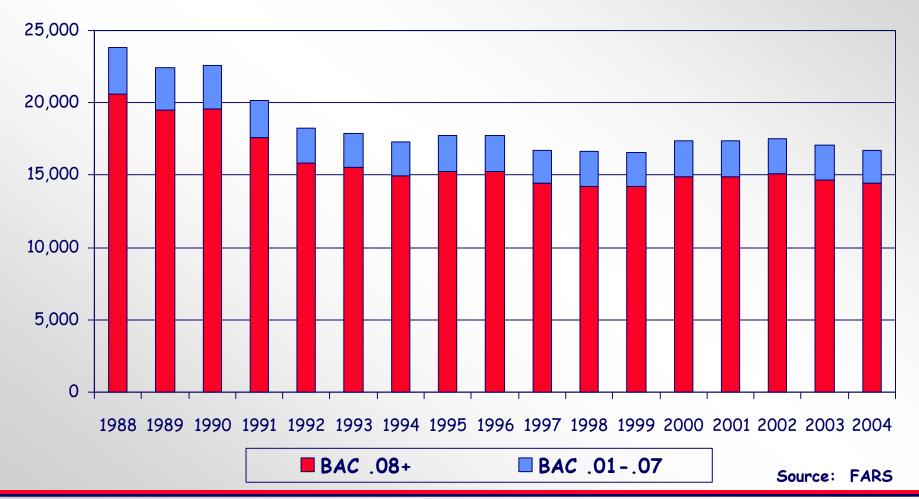




Sources: FARS / FHWA VMT



Persons Killed in Alcohol-Related Traffic Crashes, by Year



NCSA

2004 Annual Assessment of Motor Vehicle Crashes

Updated January 20, 2006



- 32 States and the District of Columbia had Decreases in the number of Alcohol-Related Fatalities
- 31 States and the District of Columbia had Decreases in the number of Fatalities in Crashes where the Max BAC was greater than or equal to .08 g/dl





State	2003		2004		2003 to 2004 Change	
	Total A/R	BAC=.08+	Total A/R	BAC=.08+	Total A/R	BAC=.08+
Alabama	414	361	442	394	28	33
Alaska	37	33	31	30	-6	-3
Arizona	471	411	435	376	-36	-35
Arkansas	252	201	276	236	24	35
California	1,629	1,377	1,643	1,367	14	-10
Colorado	252	228	259	225	7	-3
Connecticut	137	119	127	112	-10	-7
Delaware	61	51	51	48	-10	-3
District of Columbia	35	31	18	12	-17	-19
Florida	1,287	1,101	1,222	1,053	-65	-48
Georgia	483	416	525	450	42	34

A/R=Alcohol Related (BAC = .01+)



Updated January 20, 2006



State	20	2003		04	2003 to 2004 Change	
	Total A/R	BAC=.08+	Total A/R	BAC=.08+	Total A/R	BAC=.08+
Hawaii	71	52	65	52	-6	0
Idaho	106	89	93	81	-13	-8
Illinois	637	540	604	517	-33	-23
Indiana	261	223	299	254	38	31
Iowa	145	119	110	91	-35	-28
Kansas	199	172	148	121	-51	-51
Kentucky	277	242	308	269	31	27
Louisiana	410	370	414	345	4	-25
Maine	75	69	70	58	-5	-11
Maryland	287	215	286	231	-1	16
Massachusetts	215	172	203	181	-12	9

A/R=Alcohol Related (BAC = .01+)



Updated January 20, 2006



State	20	03	20	004	2003 to 2004 Change	
	Total A/R	BAC=.08+	Total A/R	BAC=.08+	Total A/R	BAC=.08+
Michigan	485	396	430	367	-55	-29
Minnesota	266	223	184	170	-82	-53
Mississippi	321	291	341	317	20	26
Missouri	493	414	449	388	-44	-26
Montana	127	108	106	100	-21	-8
Nebraska	121	99	92	78	-29	-21
Nevada	180	156	152	133	-28	-23
New Hampshire	51	42	59	51	8	9
New Jersey	279	238	270	227	-9	-11
New Mexico	206	176	211	185	5	9
New York	540	470	587	494	47	24

A/R=Alcohol Related (BAC = .01+)



Updated January 20, 2006



State	200	03	2004 2003 to 2004 Change			
	Total A/R	BAC=.08+	Total A/R	BAC=.08+	Total A/R	BAC=.08+
North Carolina	528	452	553	496	25	44
North Dakota	53	46	39	35	-14	-11
Ohio	466	401	492	418	26	17
Oklahoma	260	223	278	245	18	22
Oregon	207	176	199	159	-8	-17
Pennsylvania	621	541	614	541	-7	0
Rhode Island	59	54	42	41	-17	-13
South Carolina	490	426	464	413	-26	-13
South Dakota	97	89	86	76	-11	-13
Tennessee	443	398	519	454	76	56
Texas	1,771	1,551	1,642	1,417	-129	-134

A/R=Alcohol Related (BAC = .01+)





State	200	03	20	04	2003 to 2004 Change	
	Total A/R	BAC=.08+	Total A/R	BAC=.08+	Total A/R	BAC=.08+
Utah	47	39	72	70	25	31
Vermont	29	21	32	20	3	-1
Virginia	367	311	359	307	-8	-4
Washington	261	226	246	223	-15	-3
West Virginia	148	126	136	114	-12	-12
Wisconsin	388	342	358	318	-30	-24
Wyoming	63	50	59	54	-4	4
National	17,105	14,678	16,694	14,409	-411	-269
Puerto Rico	235	185	248	221	13	36

A/R=Alcohol Related (BAC = .01+)





2004 Data Show ...

- > The number of Occupants and Non-occupants killed in alcohol-related crashes declined
 - > Occupants by 2.8%
 - > Non-occupants by 2.5%
- > The largest decline was for pedestrians killed in such crashes (3.1%)
- ➤ The number of Motorcycle Riders killed in alcoholrelated crashes increased by less than 1% when compared with the 7.9% increase in the overall Motorcycle Rider Fatalities





Persons Killed in Alcohol-Related Crashes, by Role

Role	Ye	ar	Change	% Change	
Role	2003	2004	change	% Change	
Occupants*	12,997	12,636	-361	-2.8%	
Drivers	9,445	9,185	-260	-2.8%	
Passengers	3,512	3,418	-94	-2.7%	
Motorcycle Riders	1,547	1,560	+13	+0.8%	
Non-Occupants	2,561	2,498	-63	-2.5%	
Pedestrians	2,282	2,211	-71	-3.1%	
Pedalcyclists	235	249	+14	+6.0%	
Other**	44	39	-5	-11%	
TOTAL	17,105	16,694	-411	-2.4%	

^{*} Totals include occupants whose seating position was unknown.

^{**}Includes occupants of motor vehicles not in transport and of non-motor vehicle transport devices.



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Persons Injured in Alcohol-Related Crashes, by Role

Dolo	Ye	% Chance	
Role	2003	2004	% Change
Total Occupants	254,000	226,000	-11%*
Drivers	171,000	158,000	-7.6%*
Passengers	83,000	68,000	-18%*
Motorcycle Riders	6,000	9,000	+50%
Non-Occupants	15,000	13,000	-13%
Pedestrians	10,000	9,000	-10%
Pedalcyclists	4,000	3,000	-25%
Other**	1,000	1,000	0%
TOTAL	275,000	248,000	-9.8%

Note: Totals may not add due to rounding. Percentages computed after rounding. Source: NASS GES *Changes in Total Occupants, Drivers and Passengers injured are statistically significant at 95% confidence intervals.

^{**}Includes occupants of motor vehicles not in transport and of non-motor vehicle transport devices.





2004 Data Show ...

Occupants of Passenger Cars, Vans and Pickup Trucks killed in alcohol-related crashes Declined

However, the number of SUV occupants killed in alcohol-related crashes Increased by 7.8%. SUV Registrations Increased by 11% from 2003



Occupants Killed in Alcohol-Related Crashes, by Vehicle Type

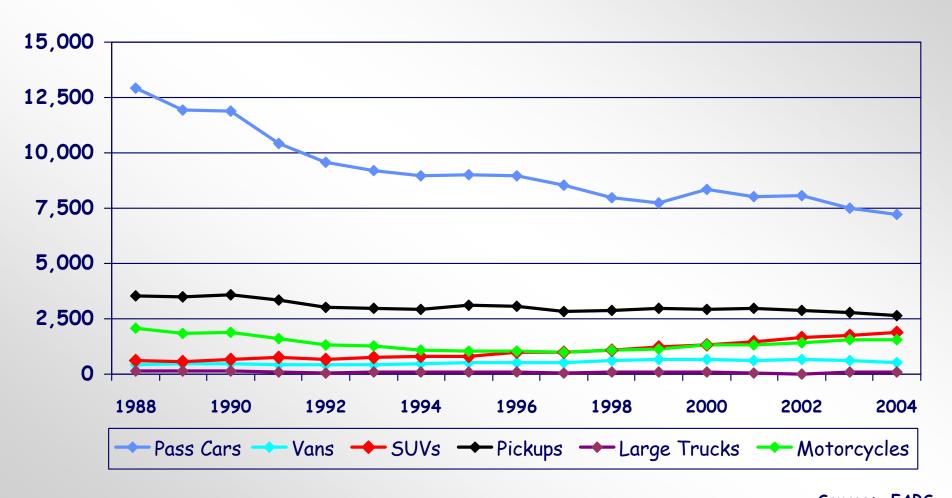
Tune of Vehicle	Ye	%	
Type of Vehicle	2003	2004	Change
Motor Vehicle Occupants Killed*	12,997	12,636	-2.8%
Passenger Cars	7,521	7,228	-3.9%
Vans	600	542	-9.7%
SUVs	1,746	1,882	+7.8%
Pickup Trucks	2,797	2,656	-5.0%
Large Trucks	77	72	-6.5%

^{*}Includes Buses, Other Vehicles and Vehicles with Unknown Body Type





Occupants and Motorcycle Riders Killed in Alcohol-Related Crashes, by Type of Vehicle









- The Number of Alcohol-Involved (BAC > .00) Passenger Car Drivers in Fatal Crashes declined by 4.4%
- However, the number of such drivers of SUVs increased by 7.5% (SUV Registrations increased by 11% from 2003)

75



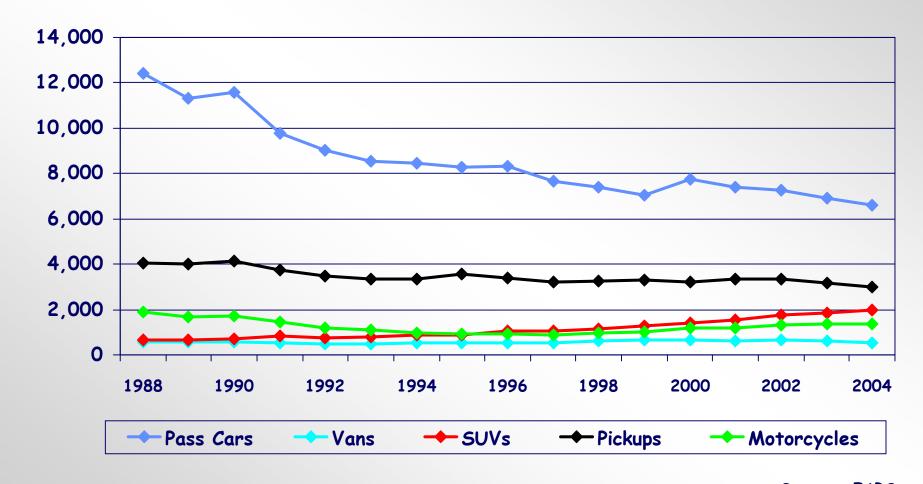
Alcohol-Involved Drivers and Motorcycle Operators Involved in Fatal Crashes by Vehicle Type

Tune of Vobiele	Ye	Year		
Type of Vehicle	2003	2004	Change	
Passenger Cars	6,900	6,599	-4.4%	
Vans	597	548	-8.2%	
SUVs	1,846	1,984	+7.5%	
Pickup Trucks	3,168	2,997	-5.4%	
Large Trucks	98	100	+2.0%	
Buses/Other/Unknown	340	342	+0.6%	
TOTAL (Excludes Motorcycle Operators)	12,949	12,570	-2.9%	
Motorcycles	1,381	1,382	+0.1%	





Alcohol-Involved Drivers and Motorcycle Operators in Fatal Crashes, by Vehicle Type





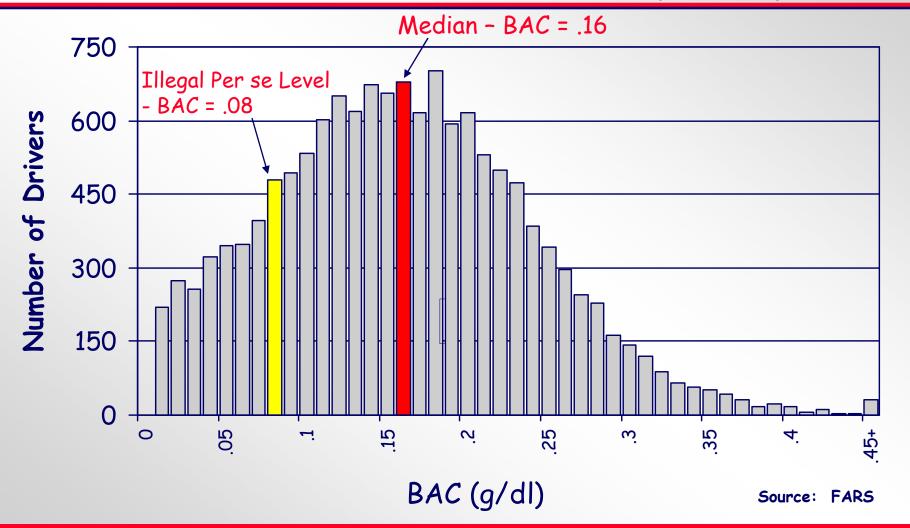




- The Median BAC Value for Alcohol-Involved Drivers and Motorcycle Operators continued to be .16 BAC g/dl
- Which means more than half of all alcohol-involved drivers and motorcycle operators had BACs higher than twice the legal limit in most states



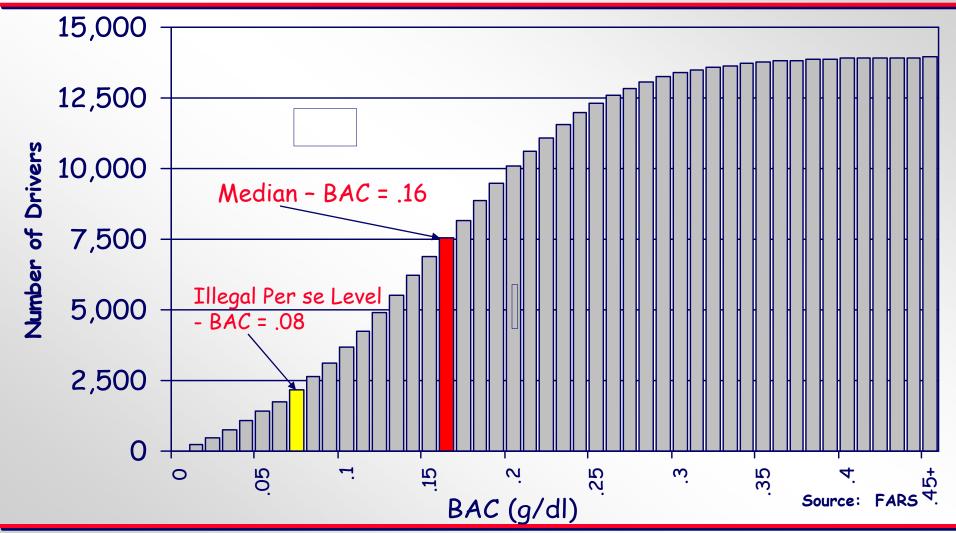
Alcohol-Involved Drivers and Motorcycle Operators in Fatal Crashes with Positive BACs (BAC>0), 2004







Alcohol-Involved Drivers and Motorcycle Operators in Fatal Crashes with Positive BACs (BAC>0), by Cumulative BAC Level, 2004







The Number of Persons Killed in crashes involving at least one Driver or Motorcycle Operator with a BAC at or above the legal limit of .08 g/dl declined by 1.7%





Alcohol-Related Fatalities by Role of Person with Alcohol

Role of Person with	B	BAC=.01+			BAC=.08+		
Alcohol	2003	2004	%Change	2003	2004	%Change	
Driver Only	13,519	13,178	-2.5%	11,604	11,406	-1.7%	
Motorcycle Operator Only	1,309	1,327	+1.4%	1,075	1,101	+2.4%	
Driver+Motorcycle Operator	99	80	-19%	52	42	-19%	
Driver/Motorcycle Operator + Non Occupant	498	460	-7.6%	366	324	-11%	
Subtotal	15,423	15,045	-2.5%	13,096	12,874	-1.7%	
Non Occupants Only	1,644	1,614	-1.8%	1,548	1,502	-2.9%	
Other	38	35	-7.9%	35	33	-5.7%	
Total	17,105	16,694	-2.4%	14,678	14,409	-1.8%	

Counts may not add up due to independent rounding. Percents are based on unrounded estimates





In 2004, about 1,189 fatalities occurred in crashes involving alcohol-involved driver(s) and motorcycle operators who had at least one previous DWI conviction

--- Accounting for 7% of all alcohol-related fatalities and remained unchanged from 2003



Alcohol-Involved Drivers and Motorcycle Operators in Fatal Crashes with Previous Alcohol Convictions

	Year		
	2003	2004	
Drivers* who were Alcohol-Involved and had previous (within 3 years) Alcohol Conviction(s)	1,111	1,039	
Percent of All Alcohol-Involved Drivers*	8%	7%	
Number of Fatalities in Crashes in which Drivers* were Alcohol-Involved and had previous Alcohol Conviction(s)	1,247	1,189	
Percent of Alcohol-Related Fatalities	7%	7%	

^{*} Includes Motorcycle Operators



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Agency Priority Safety Belts

The Percentage of Unrestrained Passenger Vehicle Occupants Killed in Crashes Declined again Which May Reflect the Increasing Use of Safety Belts





Passenger Vehicle Occupant Fatalities (All Ages), by Restraint Use*

Restraint Use		Year				
Restraint Use	2003		2004			
Occupants Killed	32,27	32,271		93		
Restraint Used**	14,075	14,075 44%		45%		
Restraint Not Used	18,196	56%	17,575	55%		

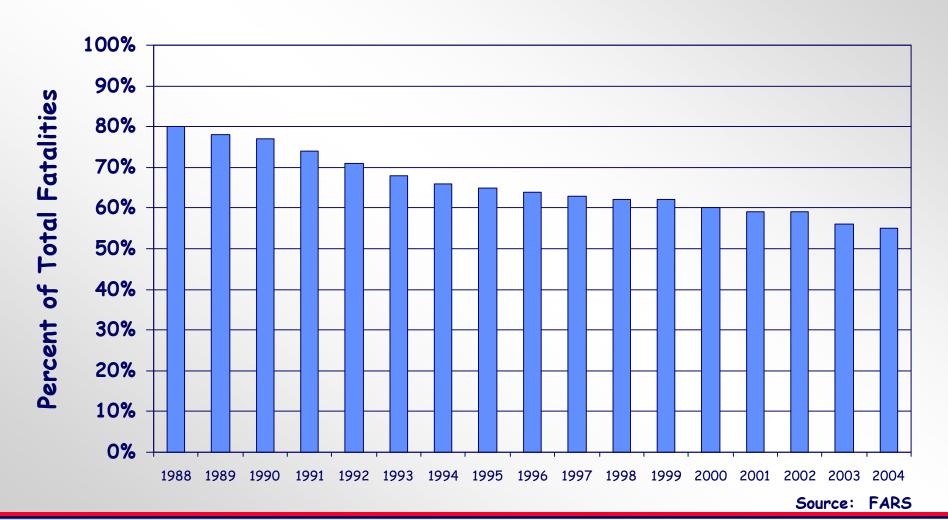
^{*}Occupant Fatalities whose restraint use was unknown were distributed proportionally to the known use categories. Restraint use was unknown for 8% of passenger vehicle occupant fatalities in 2003 and 7% in 2004.



^{**} Restraint Used = Use of any type of restraint, e.g., lap belt, lap/shoulder belt, child safety seat, etc.



Percent of Total Passenger Vehicle Occupant Fatalities that were Unrestrained, by Year



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- More than 3 of 5 (62%) of teen (ages 16-20) passenger vehicle occupants killed were unrestrained
- This compares to 54% for fatally injured adults 21 years of age or older who were unrestrained



Passenger Vehicle Occupant Fatalities Teens (16-20) and Adults (21+), by Restraint Use*

Restraint Use		Year				
Restraint Use	200	3	2004			
Ages 16-20	5,28	38	5,135			
Restraint Used**	1,962	1,962 37%		38%		
Restraint Not Used	3,326	63%	3,174	62%		
Ages 21 and older	and older 25,132		24,6	25		
Restraint Used**	11,294	45%	11,266	46%		
Restraint Not Used	13,838	55%	13,359	54%		

^{*}Occupant Fatalities whose restraint use was unknown were distributed proportionally to the known use categories. Note: Totals may not add due to rounding.



^{**}Restraint Used = Use of any type of restraint, e.g., lap belt, lap/shoulder belt, child safety seat, etc.



The Number of Unrestrained Passenger Vehicle Occupants Killed in Alcohol-Related Crashes Declined





Passenger Vehicle Occupant Fatalities in Alcohol-Related Crashes, by Restraint Use*

Restraint Use	Year				
Restraint Use	2003		2004		
Total	12,669		12,319		
Restraint Used**	3,805	3,805 30%		31%	
Restraint Not Used	8,864	70%	8,449	69%	

^{*}Occupant Fatalities whose restraint use was unknown were distributed proportionally to the known use categories.



^{**} Restraint Used = Use of any type of restraint, e.g., lap belt, lap/shoulder belt, child safety seat, etc.



Agency Priority Rollovers

- The Total Number of Passenger Vehicle Occupants Killed in Rollover Crashes Increased slightly while the number injured declined slightly
- SUVs accounted for most of the increases in fatalities with a 9.7% increase. SUV Registrations increased by 11% from 2003





Passenger Vehicle Occupants Killed and Injured in Rollover Crashes, by Type of Vehicle

Tune of Vobiele	Ye	ar	% Chanca	
Type of Vehicle	2003	2004	% Change	
Occupants Killed*	10,442	10,553	+1.1%	
Passenger Cars	4,464	4,334	-2.9%	
Vans	728	692	-4.9%	
SUVs	2,661	2,920	+9.7%	
Pickup Trucks	2,580	2,591	+0.4%	
Occupants Injured*	229,000	226,000	-1.3%	
Passenger Cars	99,000	92,000	-7.1%	
Vans	17,000	19,000	+12%	
SUVs	67,000	68,000	+1.5%	
Pickup Trucks	44,000	45,000	+2.3%	

Note: Totals for injured may not add due to rounding. Percentages computed after rounding.

^{*}Total Killed and injured includes Occupants of Other Light Trucks

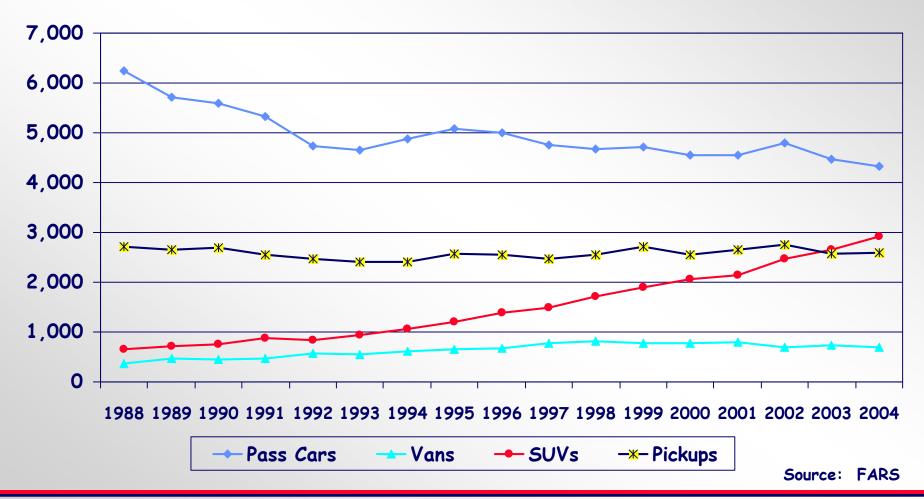


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Sources: FARS, NASS GES



Passenger Vehicle Occupants Killed in Rollover Crashes, by Type of Vehicle and Year







Passenger Vehicle Occupant Fatality Rates in Rollover Crashes per 100,000 Registered Vehicles declined





Passenger Vehicle Occupant Fatality Rate* in Rollover Crashes, by Type of Vehicle

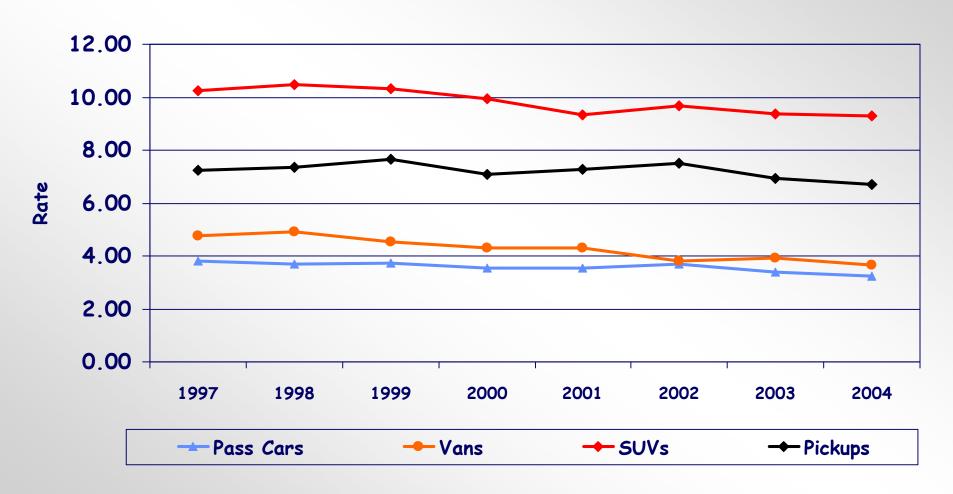
Type of Vehicle	*Rate per 100,000 Registered Vehicles					
	2003	2004	% Change			
Passenger Vehicles**	4.82	4.73	-1.9%			
Passenger Cars	3.39	3.25	-4.1%			
Light Trucks and Vans	7.02	6.91	-1.6%			
Vans	3.92	3.66	-6.6%			
SUVs	9.38	9.29	-1.0%			
Pickup Trucks	6.92	6.72	-2.9%			

**Includes Other Light Trucks

Sources: FARS, R.L. Polk



Passenger Vehicle Occupant Fatality Rate* in Rollover Crashes, by Type of Vehicle and Year



*Rate per 100,000 Registered Vehicles

Sources: FARS, R.L. Polk

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- > 62% of SUV Occupant Fatalities occurred in Rollover Crashes
- The Type of Vehicle with the Next Highest Percentage (45%) was Pickup Trucks



Passenger Vehicle Occupants Killed and Injured, by Percent Rollover and Type of Vehicle

Valeiala Tuna		2003			2004	
Vehicle Type	Takal	Rollo	ver	T.4.1	Rollo	
	— Total	Yes	No	Total	Yes	No
Occupants Killed						
Passenger Cars	19,725	23%	77%	19,091	23%	77%
Vans	2,080	35%	65%	2,036	34%	66%
SUVs	4,483	59%	41%	4,735	62%	38%
Pickup Trucks	5,957	43%	57%	5,801	45%	55%
Occupants Injured						
Passenger Cars	1,756,000	6%	94%	1,643,000	6%	94%
Vans	203,000	9%	91%	211,000	9%	91%
SUVs	338,000	20%	80%	364,000	19%	81%
Pickup Trucks	333,000	13%	87%	309,000	15%	85%

Sources: FARS, NASS GES





- Overall, Passenger Vehicle Occupant Fatalities in Single Vehicle Rollover Crashes Increased slightly
- However, by Vehicle Type, only SUVs had an increase in Single Vehicle Rollover Fatalities (10%). SUV Registrations increased 11% over 2003.



Passenger Vehicle Occupants Killed in Single Vehicle Rollover Crashes, by Type of Vehicle

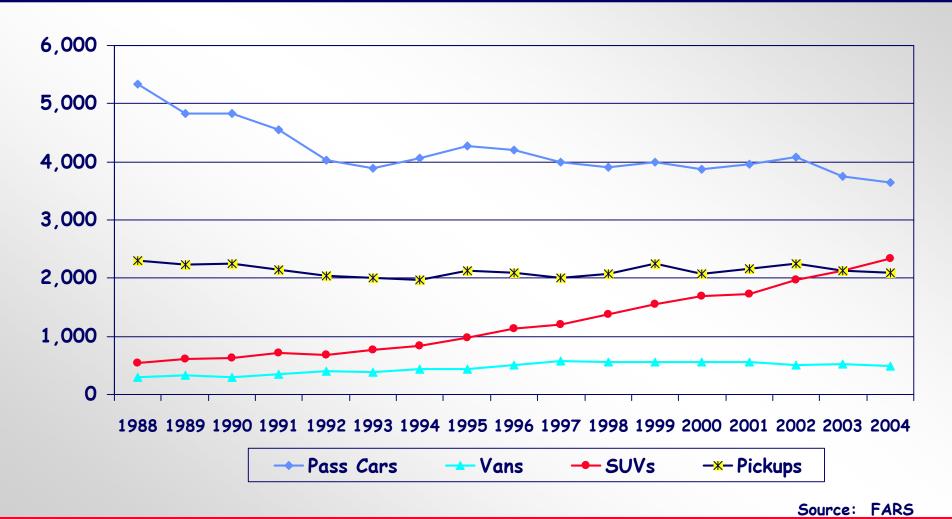
Type of Vobiele	Ye	Year		
Type of Vehicle	2003	2004	% Change	
Occupants Killed*	8,529	8,565	+0.4%	
Passenger Cars	3,752	3,640	-3.0%	
Vans	521	487	-6.5%	
SUVs	2,120	2,331	+10%	
Pickup Trucks	2,130	2,100	-1.4%	

^{*} Includes Occupants of Other Light Trucks





Passenger Vehicle Occupants Killed in Single Vehicle Rollover Crashes, by Type of Vehicle and Year





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- > 75% of Single Vehicle SUV Occupant Fatalities were in Rollover Crashes
- The Type of Vehicle with the Next Highest Percentage (60%) was Pickup Trucks



Passenger Vehicle Occupants Killed in Single Vehicle Crashes nhtse people by Type of Vehicle and Percent Rollover

	2003			2004			
Vehicle Type	Tatal	Rollover		Roll	over		
	Total	Yes	No	Total	Yes	No	
Passenger Cars	8,465	44%	56%	8,190	44%	56%	
Vans	892	58%	42%	821	59%	41%	
SUVs	2,850	74%	26%	3,110	75%	25%	
Pickup Trucks	3,571	60%	40%	3,479	60%	40%	





Agency Priority Vehicle Compatibility

Two-Vehicle Crashes between Passenger Cars and LTVs





The Number of Occupants killed or Injured in Two-Vehicle Crashes between a Passenger Car and an LTV (Pickup Truck, Van or SUV)

Declined





Occupants Killed and Injured in Two Vehicle Crashes Involving a Passenger Car and a LTV**

	Year		%
	2003	2004	Change
Fatal Crashes			
Killed in PC	4,535	4,387	-3.3%
Killed in LTV**	1,111	1,073	-3.4%
Injury Crashes			
Injured in PC	443,000	415,000	-6.3%*
Injured in LTV**	298,000	278,000	-6.7%*

^{*}Changes within injury crashes are statistically significant at 95% confidence intervals.



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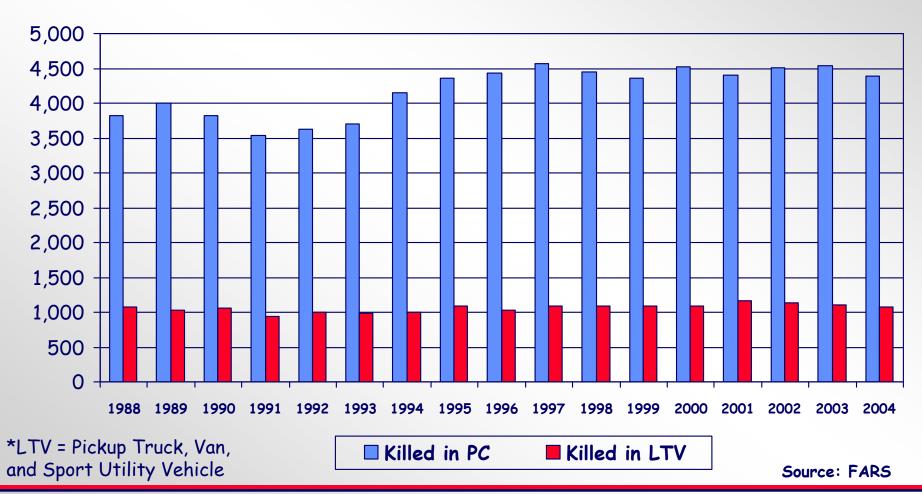
Sources: FARS, NASS GES

PC = Passenger Car

^{**}LTV = Pickup Truck, Van, and Sport Utility Vehicle



Occupants Killed in Two Vehicle Crashes Involving a Passenger Car and a LTV*, by Year



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Two-vehicle crashes involving a passenger car and a LTV*

continued...

- In a head-on collision, 3.6 times as many passenger car occupants were killed as LTV occupants.
- When a LTV was struck in the side by a passenger car, 1.8 times as many LTV occupants were killed as passenger car occupants.
- When a passenger car was struck in the side by a LTV, 22 times as many passenger car occupants were killed as LTV occupants.

*Include Pickup Trucks, SUVs and Vans





Occupants Killed in Two Vehicle Crashes Involving a Passenger Carand a LTV*, by Collision Type

	Year	Year					
	2003	2004	% Change				
	Head-on Collisio	ons					
Killed in PC	1,576	1,646	+4.4%				
Killed in LTV	475	451	-5.1%				
Passe	nger Car Front Strik	kes LTV Side					
Killed in PC	213	168	-21%				
Killed in LTV	321	297	-7.5%				
LTV Front Strikes Passenger Car Side							
Killed in PC	2,323	2,154	-7.3%				
Killed in LTV	98	100	+2.0%				

PC = Passenger Car

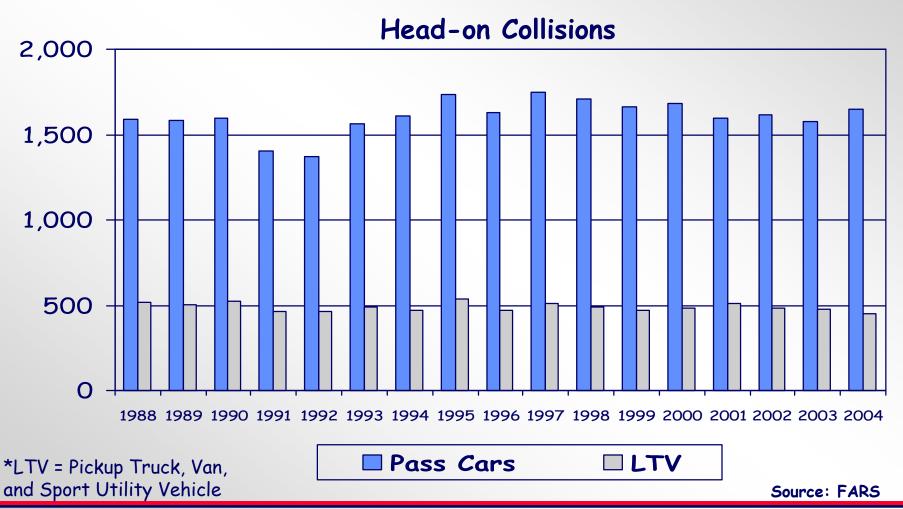
^{*}LTV = Light Trucks which include Pickup Trucks, Vans, and Sport Utility Vehicles



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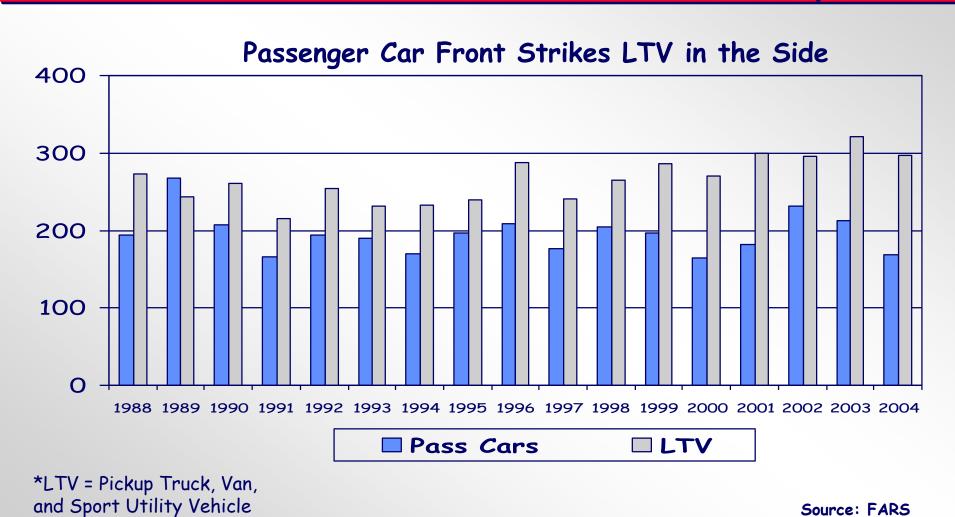
Occupants Killed in Two Vehicle Crashes Involving a Passenger Car and a LTV*, by Year







Occupants Killed in Two Vehicle Crashes Involving a Passenger Car and a LTV*, by Year



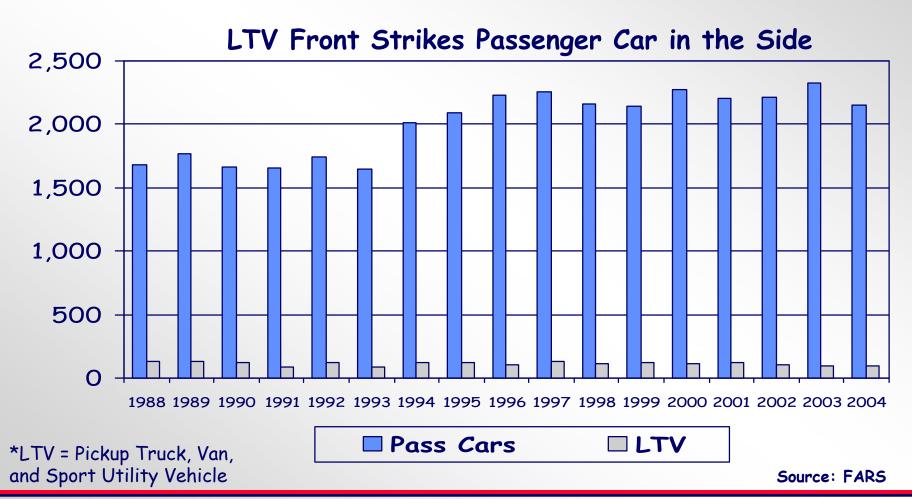


2004 Annual Assessment of Motor Vehicle Crashes

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Occupants Killed in Two Vehicle Crashes Involving a Passenger Car and a LTV*, by Year





2004 Annual Assessment of Motor Vehicle Crashes

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2004 Annual Assessment

Other Focus Areas

Motorcycles
Large Trucks
Speeding
Intersection Related and
Roadway Departure
Non-Occupants
Children and Youth
Young Drivers





Other Focus Areas Motorcycles

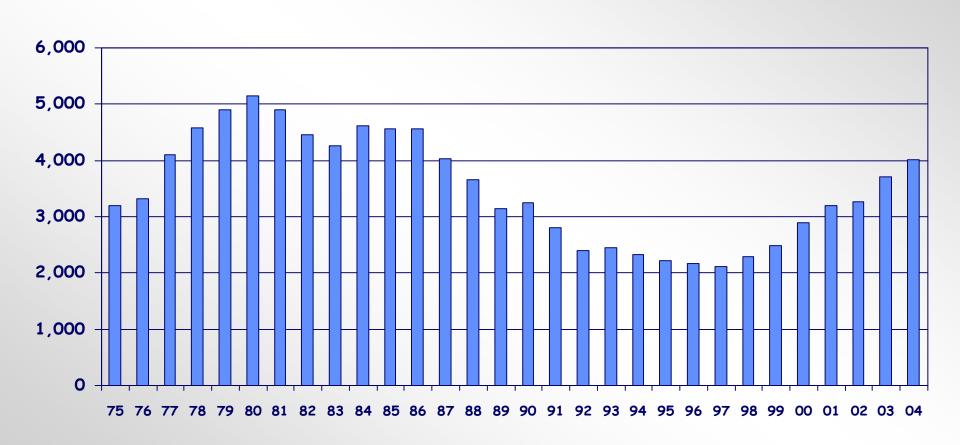
Motorcycle Rider Fatalities
Increased 7th Year in a Row
Compared to 1997, an increase of
89% -- 1,892 more Fatalities

* Reaching the level last seen in 1987





Motorcycle Riders Killed by Year







2004 Data Show ...

Motorcycle rider fatalities increased to 9.4% of all motor vehicle traffic crash fatalities





Total vs. Motorcycle Rider Fatalities by Year, 1997-2004

Farallata -	Year							
Fatalities	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004
Total	42,013	41,501	41,717	41,945	42,196	43,005	42,884	42,636
Change		-512	+216	+228	+251	+809	-121	-248
Motorcycle Riders	2,116	2,294	2,483	2,897	3,197	3,270	3,714	4,008
Change		+178	+189	+414	+300	+73	+444	+294
Percent of all Fatalities	5.0%	5.5%	6.0%	6.9%	7.6%	7.6%	8.7%	9.4%





2004 Data Show ...

- Motorcycle Rider Fatalities and Motorcycle Registrations have both been on the Rise since 1997
- However, in most of these years the Rate of Increase in Motorcycle Rider Fatalities has been Higher than the Rate of Increase in Motorcycle Registrations (as reflected in the rate increase).



Motorcycle Rider Fatality Rates, by Year, 1997-2004

Rate	Year							
Ruie	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004
Motorcycle Riders Killed	2,116	2,294	2,483	2,897	3,197	3,270	3,714	4,008
/100M Motorcycle Miles Traveled	20.99	22.31	23.46	27.67	33.17	34.23	38.78	39.89
/100K Registered Motorcycles	55.30	59.13	59.80	66.66	65.20	65.35	69.16	69.33
Sources: FARS, FHWA								





2004 Data Show ...

The proportions of Motorcycle Rider Killed in either Single Vehicle or Multi-Vehicle Crashes varies slightly year-to-year, but has been relatively constant since 1997



Motorcycle Rider Fatalities by Crash Type and Year

	Year							
	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004
Single Vehicle Crash	937	1,042	1,140	1,307	1,469	1,540	1,629	1,808
Percent	44%	45%	46%	45%	46%	47%	44%	45%
Multiple Vehicle Crash	1,179	1,252	1,343	1,590	1,728	1,730	2,085	2,200
Percent	56%	55%	54%	55%	54%	53%	56%	55%
Total Fatalities	2,116	2,294	2,483	2,897	3,197	3,270	3,714	4,008





2004 Data Show ...

Motorcycle rider fatalities increased for every age group

The largest percentage increase was in the 50 and over age group, followed by the under 30 age groups



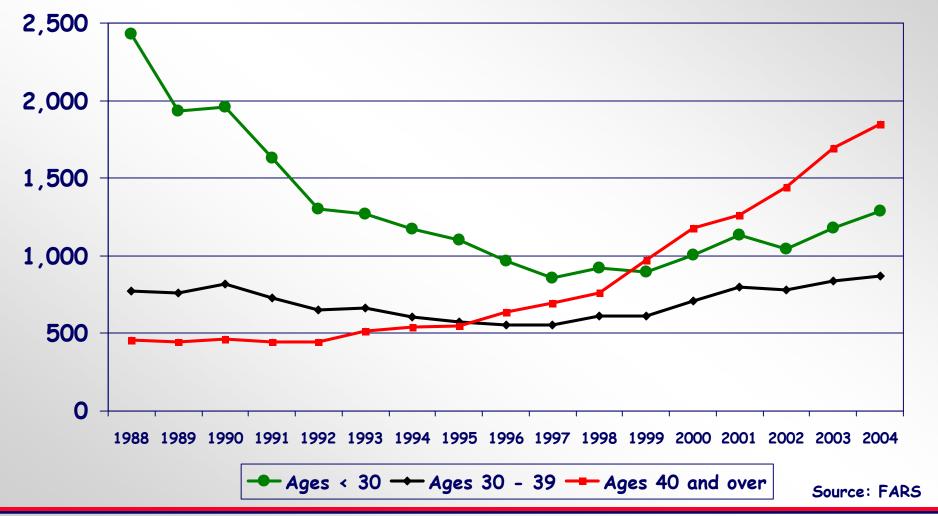
Motorcycle Riders Killed, by Age Group

Ass Cooper	Yea	r	Classica	9/ (1)
Age Group	2003	2004	Change	% Change
Under 20	229	250	+21	+9.2%
20-29	950	1,041	+91	+9.6%
30-39	839	869	+30	+3.6%
40-49	904	971	+67	+7.4%
50+	790	876	+86	+11%
Unknown	2	1	-1	-
Total	3,714	4,008	+294	+7.9%





Number of Motorcycle Riders Killed, by Age Group, by Year





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2004 Data Show ...

About two-thirds (66 percent) of the fatally injured motorcycle riders were not wearing a helmet in states without universal helmet laws compared to 15% in states with universal helmet laws.





Fatally Injured Motorcycle Riders in States with Universal Helmet Laws vs. w/o Universal Helmet Laws

	Year				
	200	2003)4	
Total in States with Universal Helmet Laws	1,610	100%	1,677	100%	
Helmeted	1,365	85%	1,428	85%	
Not Helmeted	245	15%	249	15%	
Total in States without Universal Helmet Laws	2,104	100%	2,331	100%	
Helmeted	615	29%	792	34%	
Not Helmeted	1,489	71%	1,539	66%	

Source: FARS

Motorcycle rider fatalities whose helmet use was unknown were distributed proportionally to the known use categories. Total fatalities may not add due to rounding.



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Other Focus Areas Large Trucks

- The number of persons killed in crashes involving large trucks increased by 3.1%
 - > Truck occupant fatalities increased by 4.8%
- Fatalities in large truck crashes increased for the second consecutive year





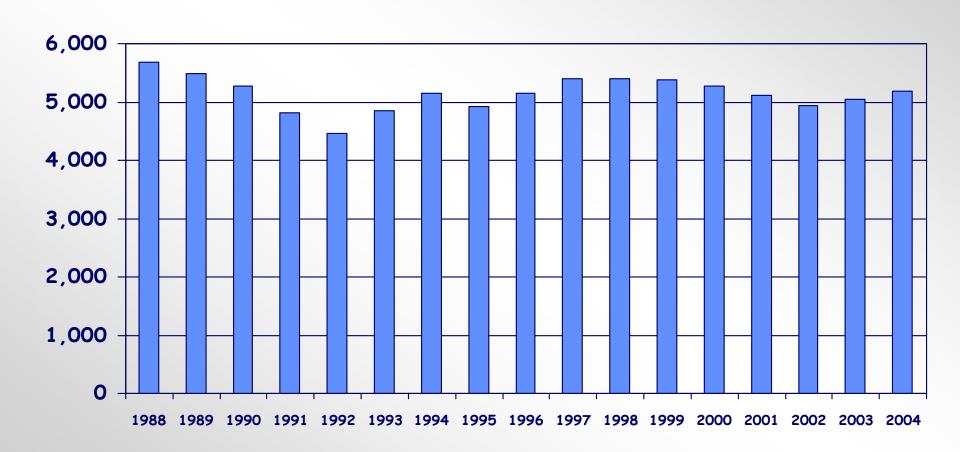
Persons Killed in Large Truck Crashes, by Type

Tuno	Ye	Year			
Type	2003	2004	% Change		
Truck Occupants	726	761	+4.8%		
Single Vehicle	457	466	+2.0%		
Multiple Vehicle	269	295	+9.6%		
Other Vehicle Occupants	3,919	4,006	+2.2%		
Non-Occupants	391	423	+8.2%		
Total	5,036	5,190	+3.1%		





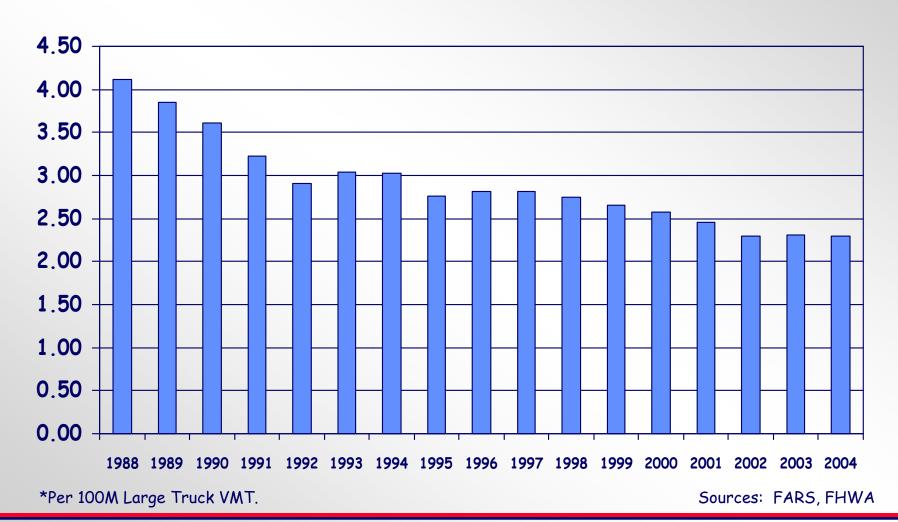
Persons Killed in Large Truck Crashes, by Year







Fatality Rate* in Large Truck Crashes, by Year







Persons Injured in Large Truck Crashes, by Type

Type	Ye	Year			
Type	2003	2004	Change		
Truck Occupants	27,000	27,000	0%		
Single Vehicle	11,000	13,000	+18%		
Multiple Vehicle	16,000	14,000	-13%		
Other Vehicle Occupants	92,000	85,000	-7.6%		
Non-Occupants	3,000	4,000	+33%		
Total*	122,000	116,000	-4.9%		

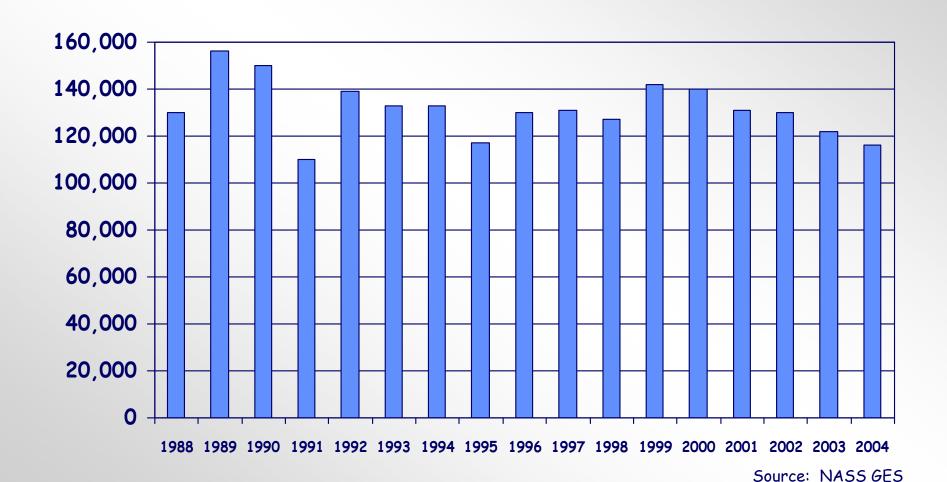
^{*}Totals may not add due to rounding. Percentages computed after rounding.



Source: NASS GES



Persons Injured in Large Truck Crashes, by Year







Other Focus Areas Large Trucks

Most of the Large Truck Occupant Fatalities continue to be Unrestrained





Large Truck Occupant Fatalities by Person Type and Restraint Use*

Doctroint I lea		Year					
Restraint Use	200	3	200)4			
Occupants Killed	726	726		1			
Drivers		623		634			
Restraint Used**	244	39%	272	43%			
Restraint Not Used	379	61%	362	57%			
Passengers		103		127			
Restraint Used**	11	11%	11	8%			
Restraint Not Used	92	89%	116	92%			

^{*}Occupant Fatalities whose restraint use was unknown were distributed proportionally to the known use categories.



^{**} Restraint Used = Use of any type of restraint, e.g., lap belt, lap/shoulder belt, child safety seat, etc.



Other Focus Areas Speeding

Fatalities in Speeding Related Crashes Declined by 2.3%





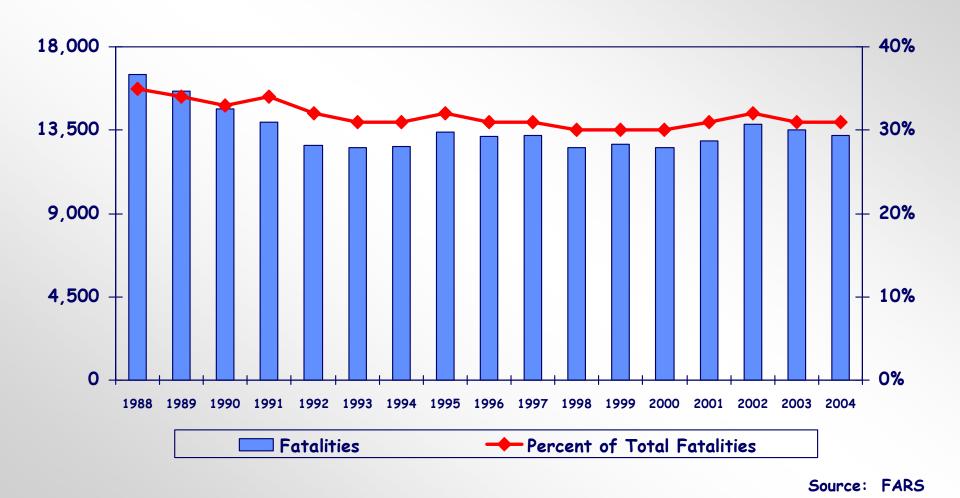
Speeding Related Crashes and Fatalities, by Year

	Yea	ır	Chanas	% Change	
	2003	2004	Change		
Crashes					
Speeding	11,868	11,585	-283	-2.4%	
Not Speeding	26,609	26,668	+59	+0.2%	
Percent Speeding	31%	30%			
Fatalities		·			
Speeding	13,499	13,192	-307	-2.3%	
Not Speeding	29,385	29,444	+59	+0.2%	
Percent Speeding	31%	31%			





Fatalities in Speeding Related Crashes and Percent of Total Fatalities, by Year





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Other Focus Areas Intersection Related and Roadway Departure

Intersection and Intersection Related* Fatalities Declined by 2.6%

Roadway Departure** Fatalities
Increased slightly



^{*}A crash is Intersection related if the first harmful event occurs within the limits of an intersection or at an approach to or exit from an intersection only within a Non-interchange area.

^{**} A crash is considered a roadway departure crash if it is:

[·] a single vehicle crash occurring off the roadway OR

[·] a multiple vehicle crash where the manner of collision was head-on or a side-swipe in opposite direction.



Intersection, Intersection Related and Roadway Departure Fatalities, by Year

	Ye	ar	Change	% Change	
	2003	2004	Change	% Change	
Intersection and Intersection Related*	9,362	9,117	-245	-2.6%	
Roadway Departure*	25,562	25,676	+114	+0.4%	

*FHWA Definition Source: FARS





Other Focus Areas Non-Occupants

The Number of Non-Occupants Killed or Injured Declined





Non-Occupants Killed or Injured, by Type

Toma	Yeo	% Change	
Туре	2003	2004	% Change
Non-Occupants Killed	5,543	5,494	-0.9%
Pedestrians	4,774	4,641	-2.8%
Pedalcyclists	629	725	+15%
Others **	140	128	-8.6%
Non-Occupants Injured*	124,000	118,000	-4.8%
Pedestrians	70,000	68,000	-2.9%
Pedalcyclists	46,000	41,000	-11%
Others **	8,000	9,000	+13%

^{*}Totals may not add due to rounding. Percentages computed after rounding.

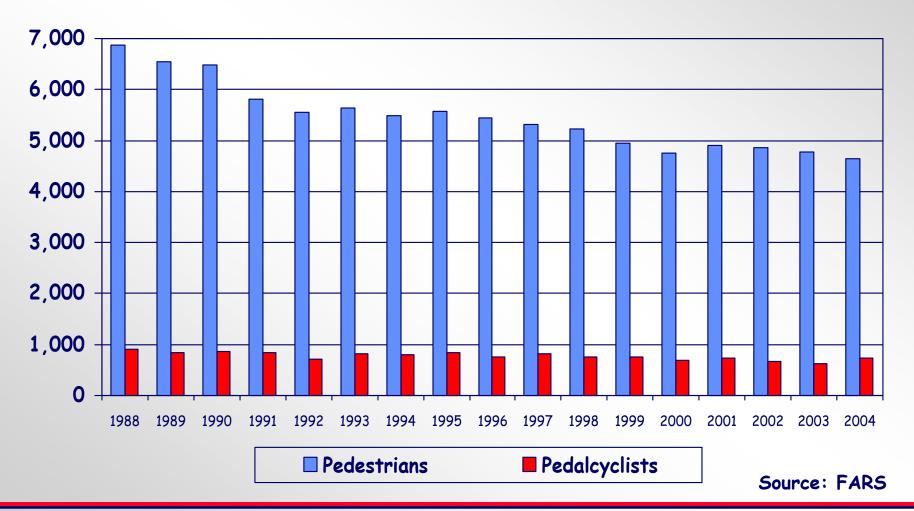


Sources: FARS, NASS GES

^{**}Includes occupants of motor vehicles not in transport and of non-motor vehicle transport devices.



Pedestrians and Pedalcyclists Killed, by Year





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Other Focus Areas Children and Youth

- ➤ Fatalities for Children Ages 0 3 increased by 3.2% after reaching an all time low in 2003
- Occupant Fatalities increased for the second year in a row





Children, Ages 0-3, Killed or Injured, by Role

Role	Year		% Change	
	2003	2004	% Change	
Killed	494	510	+3.2%	
Occupants	394	422	+7.1%	
Non-Occupants	100	88	-12%	
Injured*	49,000	44,000	-10%	
Occupants	47,000	41,000	-13%	
Non-Occupants	2,000	2,000	0%	

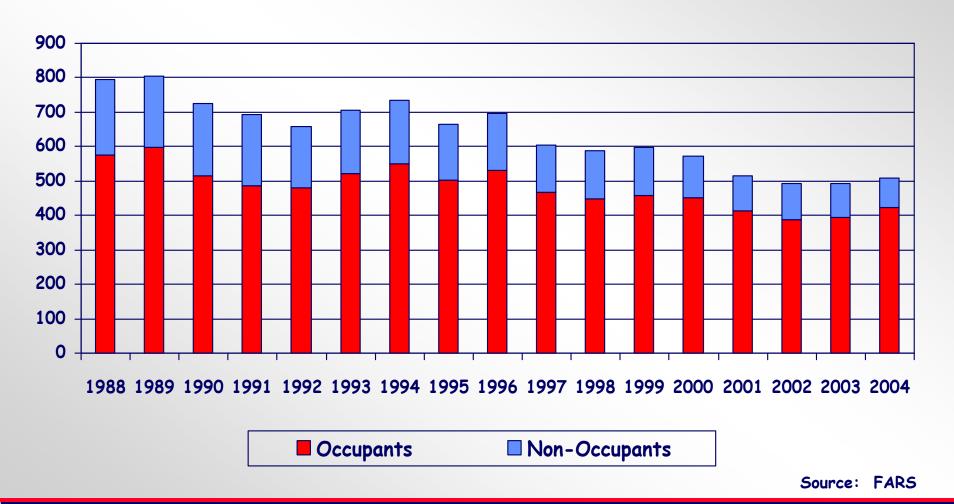
^{*}Totals may not add due to rounding. Percentages computed after rounding.

Sources: FARS, NASS GES





Children, Ages 0-3, Killed, by Year and Role







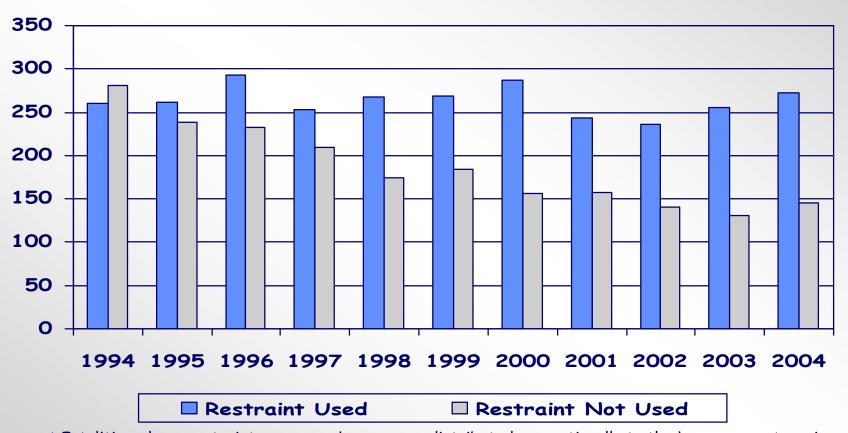
Other Focus Areas Children and Youth

The Number of Unrestrained
Children Ages 0 - 3 Killed
increased after declining for 4
years in a row.





Passenger Vehicle Occupants, Ages 0-3 killed by Restraint Use* and Year



^{*}Occupant Fatalities whose restraint use was unknown were distributed proportionally to the known use categories. Note: Totals may not add due to rounding.

Restraint Used = Use of any type of restraint, e.g., lap belt, lap/shoulder belt, child safety seat, etc. Source: FARS

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Other Focus Areas Children and Youth

- Fatalities for Children Ages 4 7 increased by 2.7%
- > Fatalities remained below 500 for the third consecutive year
- Vehicle occupant fatalities remained the same while non-occupant fatalities increased





Children, Ages 4-7, Killed or Injured, by Role

Role	Year		% Chance	
	2003	2004	% Change	
Killed	474	487	+2.7%	
Occupants	351	350	-0.3%	
Non-Occupants	123	137	+11%	
Injured	60,000	60,000	0%	
Occupants	53,000	53,000	0%	
Non-Occupants	7,000	7,000	0%	

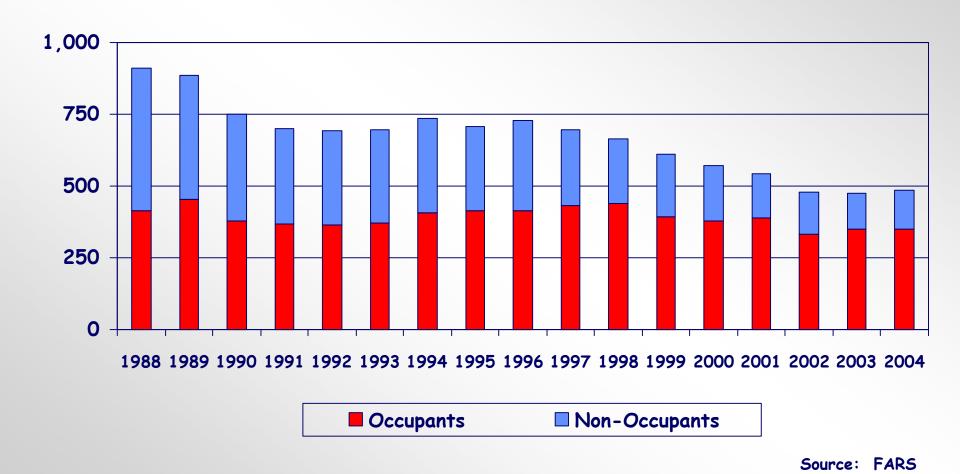
Note: Totals may not add due to rounding. Percentages computed after rounding.

Sources: FARS, NASS GES





Children, Ages 4-7, Killed, by Year and Role





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Other Focus Areas Children and Youth

- Overall Fatalities in Children and Youth, Ages 8 - 15, remained unchanged
- Occupant Fatalities increased by 3.7%





Children and Youth, Ages 8-15, Killed or Injured, by Role

Role	Year		% Chance	
	2003	2004	% Change	
Killed	1,611	1,608	-0.2%	
Occupants	1,216	1,261	+3.7%	
Non-Occupants	395	347	-12%	
Injured	182,000	178,000	-2.2%	
Occupants	153,000	152,000	-0.7%	
Non-Occupants	29,000	26,000	-10%	

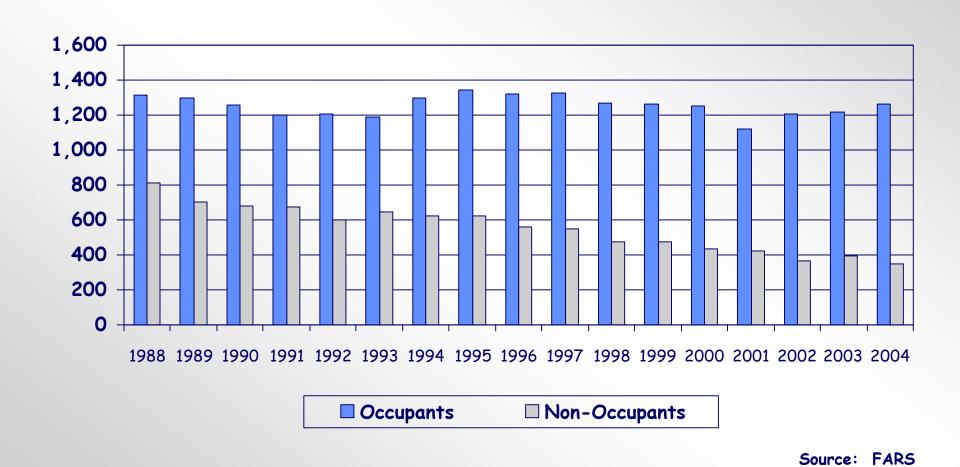
Note: Totals may not add due to rounding. Percentages computed after rounding.

Sources: FARS, NASS GES





Children and Youth, Ages 8-15, Killed, by Year and Role







Other Focus Areas Young Drivers

- The number of Young Drivers (Ages 16 20) killed declined by 1.8%
- And Fatal Crash Involvements of Young Drivers remained essentially unchanged





Number of Crashes and Persons Killed in Crashes Involving Young Drivers (Ages 16-20)

Crashes or	Year	% Change		
Persons Killed	2003	2004	% Change	
Crashes		·		
Fatal	7,404	7,386	-0.2%	
Injury	538,000	517,000	-3.9%	
PDO	1,212,000	1,269,000	+4.7%*	
Persons Killed				
Young Drivers	3,588	3,523	-1.8%	
Male	2,596	2,522	-2.9%	
Female	992	1,001	+0.9%	
Passengers**	2,306	2,311	+0.2%	
All Others	2,620	2,701	+3.1%	

^{*}Changes in Property-Damage-Only (PDO) crashes are statistically significant at 95% confidence intervals.



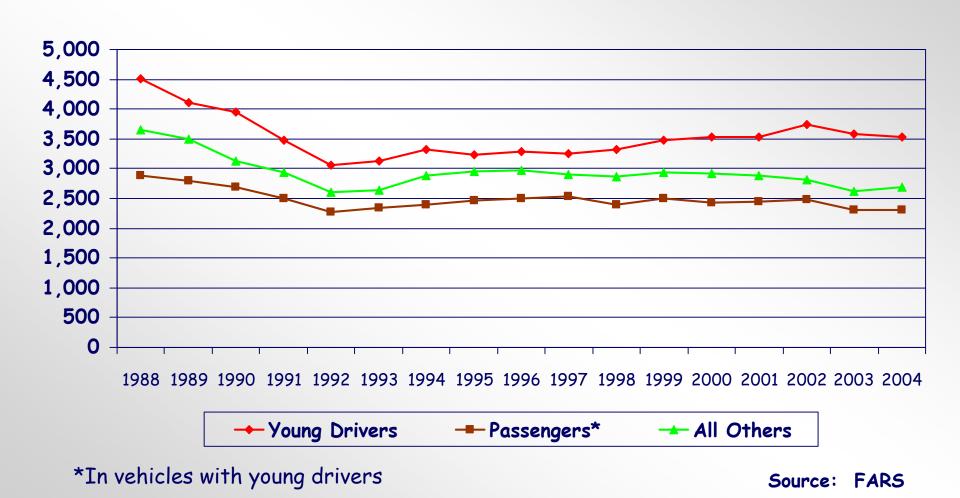
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Sources: FARS, NASS GES

^{**}In vehicles with young drivers



Persons Killed in Crashes Involving Young Drivers (Ages 16-20), by Year and Role



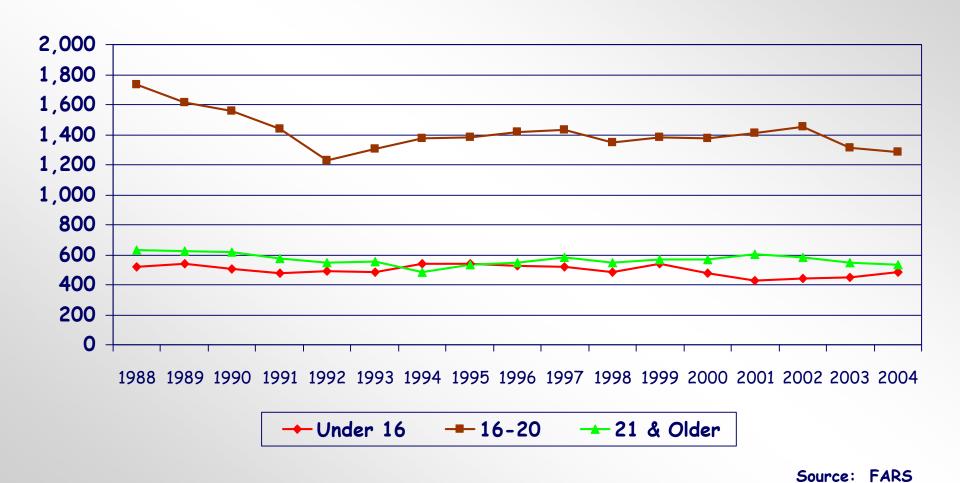
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Passenger Fatalities in Vehicles Driven by a 16-20 Year Old, by Year and Age of Passenger







Other Areas Day/Night

Both Daytime and Nighttime Fatalities Declined

- > Daytime: -128
- Nighttime: -59





Fatalities by Day/Night

Time of Day	Ye	%	
	2003	2004	Change
Day	21,202	21,074	-0.6%
Night	21,247	21,188	-0.3%
Total*	42,884	42,636	-0.6%

^{*}Total includes unknown time of day.

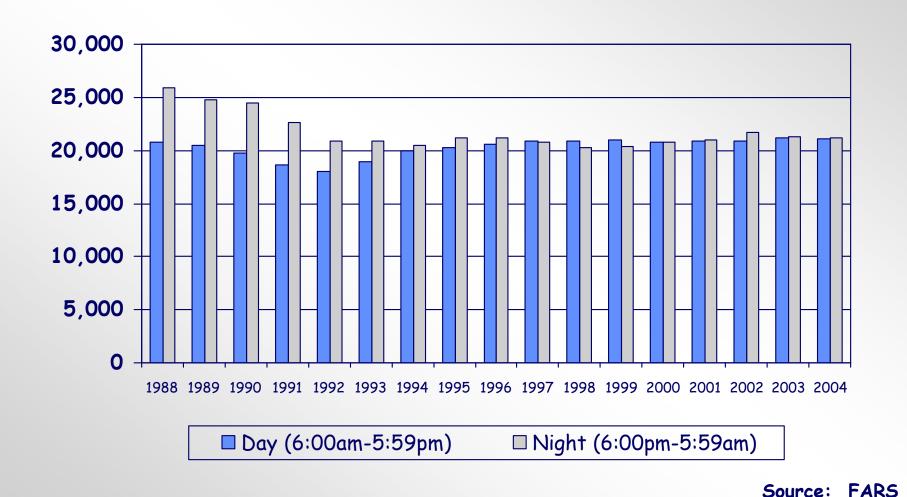
Day (6:00 am - 5:59 pm) Night (6:00 pm - 5:59 am)



Source: FARS



Persons Killed in Crashes, by Year and Time of Day





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Other Areas Male/Female

- > Fatalities among males remained about the same
- > Fatalities among females declined by 1.6%





Fatalities in Traffic Crashes, by Gender

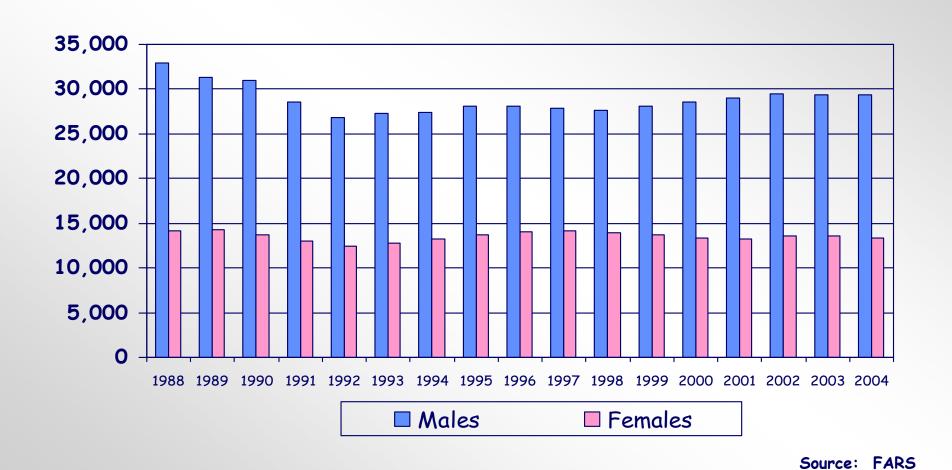
	Year				%
Gender	2003		2004		Change
	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	oriange
Male	29,346	68%	29,320	69%	-0.1%
Female	13,532	32%	13,310	31%	-1.6%
Unknown	6	<1%	6	<1%	0.0%
Total	42,884	100%	42,636	100%	-0.6%

Source: FARS





Fatalities in Traffic Crashes, by Year and Gender





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Questions about the data in this report may be sent by E-Mail to: ncsaweb@nhtsa.dot.gov or made by phone to: 1.800.934.8517

